On August 30, 1940, the claimant, the Griggs County Creamery Co., having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was released under bond conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

763. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 8 Boxes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 3235. Sample No. 24495–E.)

On October 9, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against eight boxes of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 16, 1940, by the Heron Lake Cooperative Creamery from Heron Lake, Minn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. It was labeled in part: "Distributors Zenith-Godley Co. * * * Philadelphia, Pa."

On October 18, 1940, the claimant, the Heron Lake Cooperative Creamery Association having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent milk fat.

764. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 8 Cartons of Butter. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 2292. Sample No. 33686–E.)

On June 19, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against eight cartons of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 5, 1940, by the Klossner Creamery Co. from Klossner, Minn.; and charging that it was adulterated and misbranded. It was labeled in part: "Butter Made by Klossner Creamery Company, Klossner, Minn. * * * Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. It was alleged to be misbranded in that it was labeled "Butter," which was false and misleading as it contained less than 80 percent milk fat.

On July 10, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution.

765. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 7 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 3215. Sample No. 34170–E.)

On October 5, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against seven tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 24, 1940, by the Knapp Creamery from Cokato, Minn. in a pool car shipped by the Midwest Dairy Dispatch; and charging that it was adulterated and misbranded. It was labeled in part: "Butter Distributed by Hunter, Walton & Co. * * * New York, N. Y."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. It was alleged to be misbranded in that it was labeled "Butter," which was false and misleading as it contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat.

On October 18, 1940, the Knapp Creamery Association, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent milk fat.

766. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 4 Cubes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2235. Sample No. 30508-E.)

On June 8, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel against four cubes of butter at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 27, 1940, by the Kruger Dairy Products Co. from Monon, Ind.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter Distributed by Beatrice Creamery Co. Chicago."

On June 17, 1940, the consignor having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.