

23 to on or about March 30, 1940, by the Western Star Mill Co. from Salina, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Purity Bleached Flour."

On January 22, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

987. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 33 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2728. Sample No. 15894-E.)

On September 3, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Arkansas filed a libel against 33 bags of flour at Searcy, Ark., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 25, 1940, by the Wilson Flour Mills from Wilson, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, and decomposed substance and was otherwise unfit for food. It was labeled in part "Westkan Flour."

On October 22, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

988. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 33 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2707. Sample No. 28839-E.)

On or about September 16, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of North Carolina filed a libel against 33 bags of flour at Ahoskie, N. C., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 21, 1940, by Ballard & Ballard Co., Inc., from Louisville, Ky.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. It was labeled in part: "Canoe Flour Self-Rising Bleached * * * New South Flour Co. * * * Louisville, Ky."

On October 29, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed after 30 days unless taken down under bond by the owner. The product subsequently was destroyed in accordance with said order.

989. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 29 Sacks of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2799. Sample No. 20855-E.)

On September 16, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Florida filed a libel against 29 sacks of flour at Blountstown, Fla., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 12, 1940, by the Canadian Mill & Elevator Co. from El Reno, Okla.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance. It was labeled in part: "Super Silver Self-Rising Flour."

On January 6, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

990. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 12 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2555. Sample No. 28830-E.)

On August 21, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of North Carolina filed a libel against 12 bags of flour at Wilson, N. C., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about March 26, 1940, by the Crown Mills from Portland, Oreg.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. It was labeled in part: "Snow Drop Self-Rising Flour."

On October 15, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed after 30 days unless taken down under bond by the owner. The product was subsequently destroyed in accordance with said order.

991. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 138 Sacks of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3090. Sample No. 9936-E.)

On September 26, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Mississippi filed a libel against 138 sacks of flour at Corinth, Miss., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 7, 1940, by the Nashville Roller Mills from Nashville, Tenn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance. It was labeled in part: "Hearts Delight Self-Rising Flour."

On October 30, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.