

of a filthy substance; and in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions. It was labeled in part: (Tag) "For Chesapeake Packg Co. Baltimore, Md. From L. P. Maggioni & Co. Savannah, Ga."

On July 11, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1111. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 1 Barrel of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2237. Sample No. 9408-E.)

On June 13, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 1 barrel, containing 100 1-pound cans of crab meat at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 10, 1940, by the George Martin Seafood Co. from Westwego, La.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On June 29, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1112. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. Sixty-nine One-pound Cans of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2326. Sample Nos. 35103-E, 35104-E.)

On June 20, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed a libel against sixty-nine 1-pound cans of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 17, 1940, by the Ozio Fisheries, Inc., from Morgan City, La.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions. The article was labeled in part: (Tags) "Atlantic Fish Company Wholesale Fish Market Baltimore, Md. From Ozio Fisheries, Inc. Morgan City, Louisiana."

On July 11, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1113. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 2 Barrels Containing 175 1-pound Cans of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2143. Sample Nos. 9570-E, 9571-E.)

On May 24, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed a libel against 2 barrels of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 21, 1940, by the Ray Canaan Co. from Ocean Springs, Miss.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance. The article was labeled in part: (Tags) "For Wm. F. Owens Baltimore, Md. Ray Canaan Co. \* \* \* Biloxi, Miss."

On June 24, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1114. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 50 Cans and 25 Cans of Crab Meat. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. Nos. 2182, 2279. Sample Nos. 9236-E, 9728-E.)

On or about June 6 and 16, 1940, the United States attorneys for the District of Columbia and the Northern District of Ohio filed libels against 50 cans of crab meat at Washington, D. C., and 25 cans of crab meat at Cleveland, Ohio, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 3 and 11, 1940, by the Riverside Packing Co., Inc., from Berwick, La.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance; and in that it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On June 24 and July 16, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1115. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 61 Cans of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2324. Sample No. 20060-E.)

On June 20, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed a libel against sixty-one 1-pound cans of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 18, 1940, by A. S. Varn from Savannah, Ga. and charging that it was adulterated. It was labeled in part: "Chesapeake Packing Co. \* \* \* Wholesale Fish Market Baltimore Maryland."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions, whereby it might have become contaminated with filth, or whereby it might have been rendered injurious to health.

On July 11, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1116. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 2 Drums of Crab Meat. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2325. Sample No. 35018-E.)

This product was in part decomposed in addition to being filthy.

On June 24, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland filed a libel against 2 drums containing 90 pounds of crab meat at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 21, 1940, by the Silver Shell Oyster Co. from Coden, Ala.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions. It was labeled in part: (Tags) "To Newcastle Fish Co. Baltimore From Silver Shell Oyster Co."

On July 20, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1117. Adulteration of canned crab meat. U. S. v. 149 Cases of Crab Meat. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond.** (F. D. C. No. 691. Sample No. 72815-D.)

This product was in part decomposed.

On October 6, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California filed a libel against 149 cases of canned crab meat at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about September 22, 1939, by the Seaside Clam Co. from Astoria, Oreg.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a decomposed substance.

On January 4, 1941, E. C. Demning, trading as the Seaside Clam Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment was entered nunc pro tunc as of December 5, 1939, condemning the product but providing that it might be released under bond conditioned that it should not be sold or otherwise disposed of in violation of the law.

**FROZEN FISH**

Nos. 1118 to 1125, inclusive (except 1123), report the seizure and disposition of frozen fish which was in whole or in part decomposed.

**1118. Adulteration of cod fillets. U. S. v. 140 Boxes of Fillets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2431. Sample No. 15341-E.)

On July 24, 1940, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri filed a libel against 140 boxes of cod fillets at St. Louis, Mo., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 15, 1940, by the Genoa Fisheries, Inc., from Boston, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "Genoa Brand Frosted Skinless Cod Fillets."

On September 6, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1119. Adulteration of frozen haddock. U. S. v. 184 Cases of Haddock Fillets and 133 Cases of Skinless Haddock. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 2670. Sample Nos. 44427-E, 44430-E, 44431-E, 44432-E.)

On August 24, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Colorado filed a libel against 317 cases of fish at Denver, Colo. (consigned by the Atlantic Quick Freeze Co.), alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 8, 1940, from New Bedford, Mass.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Case) "L. B. Goodspeed, Inc. Fancy Frosted Haddock Fillets \* \* \* 25 Fish Pier Boston, Mass."; or "Skinless Haddock."

On October 8, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.