1547. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Hjalmer Elmer Ahlstrand (Farmers Creamery). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. D. C. No. 2892. Sample Nos. 10969–E, 33245–E.)

On May 12, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed an information against Hjalmer Elmer Ahlstrand, trading as Farmers Creamery at St. Cloud, Minn., alleging shipment on or about May 7 and 15, 1940, from the State of Minnesota into the State of New York of quantities of butter that was adulterated. The article was labeled in part: "Butter Distributed by Hunter, Walton & Co. * * New York, N. Y."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On May 12, 1941, the defendant entered a plea of guilty and on June 9, 1941, the court imposed a fine of \$50.

1548. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Frank Pilley & Sons, Inc. (Lyon County Creamery). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$30. (F. D. C. No. 2900. Sample No. 30558-E.)

On June 10, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed an information against Frank Pilley & Sons, Inc., a corporation, Tracy, Minn., trading under the name of Lyon County Creamery, alleging shipment by said defendant on or about August 5, 1940, from the State of Minnesota into the State of Illinois, of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that a product that contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On June 11, 1941, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$30.

1549. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. John J. Fernholz (Napoleon Creamery). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$10. (F. D. C. No. 2901. Sample No. 33307-E.)

On January 11, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of North Dakota filed an information against John J. Fernholz, trading as Napoleon Creamery at Napoleon, N. Dak., alleging shipment on or about May 31, 1940, from the State of North Dakota into the State of New York of a quantity of butter that was adulterated. The article was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter Distributed by Zimmer & Dunkak, Inc., New York, N. Y."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom; and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On May 8, 1941, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$10.

Nos. 1550 to 1553, inclusive, report the seizure and disposition of butter that was deficient in milk fat.

1550. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 75 Cases of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 2191. Sample No. 21014–E.)

On May 23, 1940, the United States attorney for the Territory of Hawaii filed a libel against 75 cases of butter at Honolulu, Territory of Hawaii, consigned by Armour & Co., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce or on about May 17, 1940, from San Francisco, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated and misbranded.

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. It was alleged to be misbranded in that the statement "Armour's Star Quality Cloverbloom Butter," borne on the label, was false and misleading.

On May 23, 1940, Armour & Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reworked and disposed of under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

1551. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. Butter in Rolls, Cartons, and Tubs. Decrees of condemnation. Portion of product ordered released under bond to be reworked; remainder ordered delivered to charitable institutions. (F. D. C. Nos. 3325, 3439. Sample Nos. 24525–E, 24526–E, 24527–E, 24533–E.)

On October 25 and November 2, 1940, the United States attorney for the Middle District of Pennsylvania filed libels against 45 cases, each containing 32 pound