the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by the California Prune & Apricot Growers Association from San Jose, Calif., on or about August 8, 1940; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Golden Glow Brand Midget Seedless Raisins."

On December 27, 1940, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1636. Adulteration of raisins. U. S. v. 49 Cases of Raisins. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3260. Sample No. 34494–E.)

On October 22, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 49 cases of raisins at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 15, 1940, by the El Encanto Vineyards from Fresno, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Boxes) "Cal-Ray Brand Thompson Seedless Raisins Packed By El Mar Packing Co., Fresno, Calif."

On April 8, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1637. Adulteration of raisins. U. S. v. 448 and 100 Cartons of Raisins. Decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3288. Sample Nos. 34500-E, 46001-E.)

On October 28, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 548 cartons of raisins at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 13, 1940, by the El Solyo Ranch from Vernalis, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "El Solyo Brand Golden Bleached Thompson Seedless Raisins."

On January 16, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. Reiss & Barnard, Inc., having intervened as claimant and secured an order vacating the decree and staying execution, but subsequently having withdrawn its appearance and consented to the destruction of the product, final decree was entered May 2, 1941, reviving the judgment of January 16, 1941, and ordering the marshal to proceed with the destruction of the goods.

1638. Adulteration of raisins. U. S. v. 336 Cartons of Raisins. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3292. Sample No. 34498–E.)

On October 28, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 336 cartons of raisins at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 23, 1940, by Guggenhime & Co. from San Francisco, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Holly Brand California Bakers Midget Raisins."

On April 8, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1639. Adulteration of raisins. U. S. v. 590 Boxes of Raisins. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3469. Sample No. 11206–E.)

On December 5, 1940, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Texas filed a libel against 590 boxes of raisins at Houston, Tex., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about February 27, 1940, by the Pacific Raisin Co., Inc., from Fowler, Calif.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Daisy Bell Brand Choice Thompson Seedless Raisins."

On January 17, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1640. Adulteration of raisins. U. S. v. 107 Cartons of Raisins. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 3416. Sample No. 36119-E.)

On November 20, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts filed a libel against 107 cartons of raisins at Boston, Mass., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by Sunland Sales Cooperative Association from Stockton, Calif., on or about September 23, 1939; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy