Creamery from Manhattan, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated and

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance.

It was alleged to be misbranded in that it was in package form and failed to bear a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; and an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents. On October 28, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemna-

tion was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2352. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 43 Cartons and 15 Cartons of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Portion of product ordered released under bond to be reworked; remainder ordered destroyed. (F. D. C. No. 5281. Sample Nos. 56923-E, 56924-E.)

A portion of this product not only contained excessive mold but was deficient in milk fat.

On July 17, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed a libel against 58 cartons each containing 65 pounds of butter at Jersey City, N. J., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 30, 1941, by the Producers Creamery Co. from Kirksville, Mo.; and charging that it was adulterated and misbranded. The article was labeled in part: "June Dairy Products Co., Inc. Distributors

It was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter; and (44 cartons) in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance. It was alleged to be misbranded in that it was labeled

"Butter," which was false and misleading.

On August 29, 1941, the June Dairy Products Co., Jersey City, N. J., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered, and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked so as to contain at least 80 percent by weight of milk fat excepting 44 cartons which were ordered disposed of for purposes other than human consumption, all under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

2353. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 9 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5728. Sample No. 67087–E.)

On August 21, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Tennessee filed a libel against 9 cases of butter at Memphis, Tenn., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 24, 1941, by the Sardis Creamery Co. from Sardis, Miss.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in party of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: (Shipping case) "President Creamery Butter Distributed by Abraham Bros. Packing Co."
On October 6, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation decomposed substance.

was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2354. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 125 30-Pound Cases of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be converted into butter oil. (F. D. C. No. 2662. Sample Nos. 27364-E to 27367-E, incl.)

On or about August 10, 1940, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Ohio filed a libel against 125 30-pound cases of butter at Cleveland, Ohio, alleging that the articles had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about July 1 to on or about July 10, 1940, by Paul A. Schulze Co. from St. Louis, Mo.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance, or was otherwise unfit for food. It was labeled in part: "Clover Springs Brand Butter."

On or about April 14, 1941, Paul A. Schulze Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be converted into

butter oil.

2355. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 96 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be converted into soap stock. (F. D. C. No. 5866. Sample No. 74484-E.)

On September 16, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed a libel against 96 tubs, each containing approximately 63 pounds, of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been