267.2. Adulteration of ice cream cones. U. S. v. Tasker B. Roop (Sugar Crisp Cone Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$23 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 5477. Sample Nos. 55610-E, 55618-E, 55684-E, 55691-E.)

Samples of this product were found to contain rodent hairs and insect fragments. On October 27, 1941, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington filed an information against Tasker B. Roop, trading as Sugar Crisp Cone Co. at Seattle, Wash., alleging shipment within the period from on or about March 6 to on or about March 19, 1941, from the State of Washington into the State of Oregon of quantities of chocolate-coated cones which were adulterated. The article was labeled in part: "Frozen Drumstick Chocolate Coated Cones."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and in that it had been prepared, packed, or held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On December 1, 1941, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$23 and costs.

2633. Misbranding of pretzel sticks. U. S. v. 18 Cases of Pretzel Sticks. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 2438. Sample No. 24335-E.)

The packages of this product each contained a paper bag of pretzel sticks. The bag occupied approximately 60 percent of the space in the package.

On July 26, 1940, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed a libel against 18 cases of pretzel sticks at Camden, N. J., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 9, 1940, by the Hygrade Bakery from Philadelphia, Pa.; and charging that it was misbranded in that its container was so made, formed, or filled as to be misleading. It was labeled in part: "Pretzel Sticks Hygrade Original."

On April 6, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation

was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

MACARONI PRODUCTS

Nos. 2634 and 2635 report the seizure and disposition of macaroni products which had been shipped in interstate commerce and were in interstate commerce at the time of examination, at which time they were found to be insectinfested. When such infestation occurred was not determined.

2634. Adulteration of egg noodles. U. S. v. 19 Cases of Egg Noodles. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5678. Sample No. 53711-E.)

On September 12, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of Arizona filed a libel against 19 cases of egg noodles at Nogales, Ariz., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about October 3, 1940, by the Quaker Oats Co. from St. Joseph, Mo.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Uncle Sam's Genuine Egg Noodles."

On November 17, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemna-

tion was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

2635. Adulteration of egg noodles. U. S. v. 20 Cases of Egg Noodles. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5691. Sample No. 72025-E.)

On September 11, 1941, the United States attorney for the Southern District of California filed a libel against 20 cases of egg noodles at Los Angeles, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 24, 1941, by Aron Streit, Inc., from New York, N. Y.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Streit's Pure Egg Noodles."

On October 2, 1941, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

MISCELLANEOUS

Nos. 2636 to 2639 report the seizure and disposition of cereal products that were found to be insect-infested.

2636. Adulteration of hominy grits. U. S. v. 25 Bags of Grits. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 5762. Sample No. 48091–E.)

On September 16, 1941, the United States attorney for the Middle District of Georgia filed a libel against 25 bags of hominy grits at Valdosta, Ga., alleg-