and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed substance.

On March 25, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

3375. Adulteration of red kidney beans. U. S. v. 47 Bags of Beans. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 6842. Sample No. 83676–E.)

On February 10, 1942, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana filed a libel against 47 100-pound bags of beans at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by Elmer G. Porter from Gaywood, N. Y., on or about February 22, 1941; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed substance. The article was labeled in part: "G. L. F. Quality * * * Packed By Cooperative G. L. F. Produce, Inc. Phelps N. Y."

On March 25, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

3376. Adulteration of dried white beans. U. S. v. 60 Bags of Beans. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 6829. Sample No. 83671–E.)

On February 10, 1942, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana filed libels against 60 100-pound bags of beans at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by Yale Elevator Co. from Yale, Mich., on or about December 7, 1940; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed substance.

On March 25, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

POULTRY

Nos. 3377 to 3383 report actions based on interstate shipments of poultry that was in whole or in part the product of diseased animals and/or decomposed.

3377. Adulteration of turkeys. U. S. v. John Raymond Clymer (Denison Poultry & Egg Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, $50. (F. D. C. No. 5483. Sample No. 56512–E.)

On November 10, 1941, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Texas filed an information against John Raymond Clymer, trading as Denison Poultry & Egg Co. at Denison, Tex., alleging shipment on or about December 9, 1940, from the State of Texas into the State of New York of a quantity of turkeys that were adulterated in that they were in whole or in part the product of diseased animals.

On April 6, 1942, the defendant having entered a plea of nolo contendere, the court imposed a fine of $50.

3378. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. Cranbury Feed, Poultry & Hatchery, Inc., and Michael Pack. Pleas of guilty. Corporation fined $150 on count 1 and $1,000 on remaining counts; payment of $1,000 fine suspended. Individual defendant fined $100 on count 1; fined $1,000 on remaining counts with jail sentence of 3 months, but payment of latter fine and imposition of jail sentence suspended and defendant placed on probation for 1 year. (F. D. C. No. 2972. Sample Nos. 34458–E, 34475–E.)

This product was found to consist in part of diseased and emaciated poultry, or of poultry that had died otherwise than by slaughter.

On October 15, 1941, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed an information against Cranbury Feed, Poultry & Hatchery, Inc., Cranbury, N. J., and Michael Pack, alleging shipment in interstate commerce on or about September 27, October 11, and November 29, 1940, from the State of New Jersey into the State of New York of quantities of dressed poultry that was adulterated.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it was in whole or in part the product of diseased animals, and in that it was in whole or in part unfit for food. Portions were alleged to be adulterated further in that it was in whole or in part the product of animals which had died otherwise than by slaughter.

On January 30, 1942, pleas of guilty having been entered on behalf of both defendants, the court imposed on the corporation a fine of $150 on count 1 and