and relabeled so that it would comply with the law under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

Nos. 3892 to 3906 (and also Nos. 3887 to 3889) report the seizure and disposition of butter that was deficient in milk fat.

3892. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 37 Cubes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 7978. Sample No. 12109–F.)

On July 10, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington filed a libel against 37 cubes, each containing 68 pounds, of butter at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 6, 1942, by Huggins Dairy Products from Lewiston Idaho; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less

than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.
On July 30, 1942, Walter Ely Co., Seattle, Wash., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked, under the

supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3893. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 22 Cartons of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reconditioning. (F. D. C. No. 7642. Sample No. 89640-E.)

On or about June 2, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed a libel against 22 cartons of butter at Jersey City, N. J., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 18, 1942. by the Sebeka Cooperative Creamery Association, from Sebeka, Minn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter The Great A & P Tea Co. New York Distributors."

On July 7, 1942, the Sebeka Cooperative Creamery Association, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reworking under the

supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3894. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 36 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reworking. (F. D. C. No. 7625. Sample No. 89636—E.)

On June 1, 1942, the United States attorney for the District of New Jersey filed a libel against 36 tubs of butter at Jersey City, N. J., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 17, 1942, by the Emerald Creamery Co., Emerald, Wis.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

The article was labeled in part: "Butter \* \* June Dairy Products Co.

Inc. Distributors. Jersey City, N. J."

On July 23, 1942, the June Dairy Products Co., Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product ordered released under bond to be reworked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

3895. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 29 Tubs and 13 Tubs of Butter. Consent decrees of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reworking. (F. D. C. Nos. 7979, 7980. Sample Nos. 16982-F, 17905-F.)

On July 6 and July 13, 1942, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York filed libels against a total of 42 tubs, each containing 64 pounds, of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 29 and July 6, 1942, by the Orange Creamery from Orange, Va.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter Distributed by J. R. Kramer, Inc. New York, N. Y."

On July 21 and 29, 1942, the Orange Creamery, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond for reworking under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.