On September 10, 1942, Karsten & Sons, Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be reworked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

4115. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 6 Cubes (408 pounds) of Butter (and 3 additional seizure actions against butter.) Decree of condemnation. Portions of product ordered released under bond. Remainder ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. Nos. 8238, 8518, 8676, 8706. Sample Nos. 11007-F, 10705-F, 10780-F, 10781-F.)

Between August 4 and October 14, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California filed 4 libels against a total of 28 68-pound cubes of butter at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce within the period from on or about July 25, to on or about October 16, 1942, by Ruby & Co., from Portland, Oreg.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On August 13 and October 21 and 30, 1942, the Wilsey Bennett Co., San Francisco, Calif., having appeared as claimant for 25 cubes covered by 3 of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be brought into compliance with the law under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. On November 17, 1942, no claimant having appeared for the 3 cubes of butter covered by the remaining libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution.

4116. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 29 Cubes, 27 Cubes, 20 Cubes, and 30 Cubes of Butter. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reworking. (F. D. C. No. 8287. Sample No. 11018-F.)

On August 18, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of California filed a libel against 106 cubes, each containing 64 pounds, of butter at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 1, 1942, by the Cass-Clay Cooperative Creamery Association from Morehead, Minn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

On August 27, 1942, the Wilsey Bennett Co., San Francisco, Calif., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be reworked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

4117. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 72 Boxes of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be reworked. (F. D. C. No. 8203. Sample Nos. 86994–E, 1502–F.)

On July 27, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Illinois filed a libel against 72 boxes, each containing 65 pounds, of butter at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 20, 1942, by the Enid Cooperative Creamery Association from Enid, Okla.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter Distributed by Dauber Bros. Chicago, Illinois."

On August 28, 1942, Dauber Bros., Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under hond conditioned that it be reworked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

4118. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 164 Cubes (9,840 pounds) of Butter. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for reworking. (F. D. C. No. 8545. Sample No. 10730-F.)

On September 19, 1942, the United States attoney for the Northern District of California filed a libel against 164 cubes of butter at San Francisco, Calif., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 28, 1942, by the Omaha Cold Storage Co. from Omaha, Neb.; and charging that it was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter Distributed by Bellevue Cry. & Prod. Co. Omaha, Nebr."

On October 2, 1942, the Bellevue Creamery & Produce Co., Omaha, Neb., and San Francisco, Calif., having filed a claim for said product, judgment of con-