filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Telephone Patent

On November 20, 1942, Harvey Landau, Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration and disposed of for poultry or animal feed.

4266. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 89 and 16 Bags of Flour. Consent decrees of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. Nos. 8177, 8202. Sample Nos. 28330-F, 29007-F, 29014-F.)

On August 24 and 25, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Georgia filed libels against 105 98-pound bags of flour at Atlanta, Ga., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about April 6, 1942, in part in the name of the Commander Milling Co., and in part in the name of the Commander Flour Mills Co., from Minneapolis, Minn.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Drum Clear Flour," or "Nokomis Medium Rye Flour Bleached," or "Nokomis White Rye Flour."

On September 22, 1942, the Larabee Flour Mills Co., Atlanta, Ga., having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered released under bond conditioned that it be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The product was denatured and disposed of as animal feed.

4267. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 19 Sacks of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 8265. Sample No. 24043-F.)

On August 28, 1942, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia filed a libel against 19 98-pound sacks of flour at Norfolk, Va., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 22, 1942, by the Commercial Milling Co., Detroit, Mich.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: "Henkel's Extra Fancy 100% Whole Wheat Flour."

On November 27, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation

was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

4268. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 262 Sacks, 84 Sacks, and 92 Sacks of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for denaturing and use as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 8535. Sample Nos. 9482–F, to 9486-F, incl.)

On October 15, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Mississippi filed a libel against 262 24-pound sacks, 84 48-pound sacks, and 92 12-pound sacks, of flour at Greenwood, Miss., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 8 and July 13, 1942, by the Consolidated Flour Mills Co., of Wichita, Kans., from Winfield, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Sack) "Mother's Biscuit Fancy Short Patent Self-Rising [or "Phosphated"] Flour."

On November 9, 1942, the Weaver Grocery Co., Greenwood, Miss., having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for denaturing and disposition as animal feed,

under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

4269. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 47 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 8611. Sample No. 17872-F.)

On October 21, 1942, the United States attorney for the Northern District of New York filed a libel against 47 150-pound bags of flour at Cortland, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about May 29, 1942, by the Doughnut Corporation of America from Ellicott City, Md.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance. The article was labeled in part: (Tag) "LITEFLUF."
On December 22, 1942, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation

was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

4270. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 123 Bags, 51 Bags, and 42 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 8604. Sample Nos. 9195-F, 9663-F.)

On October 20, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of Louisiana filed a libel against 123 10-pound bags, 51 24-pound bags, and 42