

about November 20 to December 11, 1942, from the State of Indiana into the State of Ohio of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. Portions of the article were labeled in part: "Spring Dale Brand Creamery Butter. The C. Eberle Sons Company, Distributors," or "Butter Countryside Farm Products Co. * * * Cincinnati, Ohio."

On May 6, 1943, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$50.

4569. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Walter Englund (Palace Dairy). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$10. (F. D. C. No. 8798. Sample Nos. 1519-F, 1522-F.)

On March 16, 1943, the United States attorney for the Western District of Wisconsin filed an information against Walter Englund, trading as the Palace Dairy, at Prentice, Wis., alleging shipment on or about August 11 and 18, 1942, from the State of Wisconsin into the State of Illinois of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Beatrice Creamery Company Chicago, Ill. Butter."

On May 25, 1943, the defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$10.

4570. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Barrett Cooperative Creamery. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$20. (F. D. C. No. 7657. Sample Nos. 76859-E, 76863-E.)

On January 5, 1943, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota filed an information against the Barrett Cooperative Creamery, a corporation, Barrett, Minn., alleging shipment on or about April 13 and 17, 1942, from the State of Minnesota into the State of New York of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Creamery Butter Distributed By Gude Bros Kieffer Co * * * New York."

On January 5, 1943, a plea of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$20.

4571. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Monticello Dairy, Inc. (Orange Creamery). Plea of not guilty. Tried to the court. Judgment of guilty. Fine, \$50. (F. D. C. No. 8731. Sample No. 16982-F.)

On December 17, 1942, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia filed an information against the Monticello Dairy, Inc., a corporation trading under the name of the Orange Creamery at Orange, Va., alleging shipment on or about June 29, 1942, from the State of Virginia into the State of New York of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Butter Distributed By J. R. Kramer, Inc. * * * New York, N. Y."

On March 16, 1943, a plea of not guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the case was tried to the court and the defendant was found guilty and fined \$50.

4572. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Newman C. Ashley (Dallas Creamery). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$50. (F. D. C. No. 7732. Sample Nos. 89638-E, 89639-E.)

On November 5, 1942, the United States attorney for the Western District of Wisconsin filed an information against Newman C. Ashley, trading as the Dallas Creamery, at Dallas, Wis., alleging shipment on or about May 14, 1942, from the State of Wisconsin into the State of New York of a quantity of butter that was adulterated in that a valuable constituent, milk fat, had been in part omitted therefrom, and in that a product which contained less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter. The article was labeled in part: "Hunter, Walton & Co. * * * New York."

On February 12, 1943, the defendant having entered a plea of nolo contendere, the court imposed a fine of \$50.