failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents.

On October 5, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered distributed to charitable institutions.

CORN MEAL

5425. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. Shreveport Grain & Elevator Company, Inc., and James E. Cawthon. Plea of nolo contendere. Sentence suspended for a period of 3 years. (F. D. C. No. 10564. Sample Nos. 41381–F, 41382–F.)

On October 22, 1943, the United States attorney for the Western District of Louisiana filed an information against the Shreveport Grain & Elevator Co., Inc., Shreveport, La., and James E. Cawthon, alleging shipment on or about March 21, 1943, from the State of Louisiana into the State of Mississippi of quantities of corn meal that was adulterated. It was labeled in part: (Sacks) "Red Head Corn Meal," or "Blue Bird Cream Corn Meal".

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance because of the presence of rat or mouse excreta fragments, rat or mouse hairs, insect fragments, and feather fragments; and in that it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

On October 22, 1943, a plea of nolo contendere having been entered by the defendants, the court suspended sentence for a period of 3 years.

5426. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. 208 Bags of Corn Meal. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 10314. Sample No. 23077–F.)

Examination of this product showed the presence of rodent hairs and rodent excreta.

On July 22, 1943, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 208 bags of corn meal at Philadelphia, Pa., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 24 and 30, 1943, by the Davis Milling Co., Inc., from Norfolk, Va.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

On August 18, 1943, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

FLOUR

5427. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 161 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for denaturing. (F. D. C. No. 8478. Sample No. 17847–F.)

On October 5, 1942, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of New York filed a libel against 161 bags, each containing 140 pounds, of flour at Brooklyn, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commmerce on or about May 4, 1942, by the Larabee Flour Mills from Hutchinson, Kans.; and charging that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances, beetles, larvae, larva casts, and mites. The article was labeled in part: (Bag) "Ritchie Flour * * * Packed for B. Wilk & Son Brooklyn, N. Y."

On March 17, 1943, Benjamin Wilk, doing business as B. Wilk & Son, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for denaturing, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration, with a view to its use as animal food.

5428. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 45 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered denatured for use as animal feed and delivered to a county institution. (F. D. C. No. 11007. Sample No. 21928–F.)

On October 23, 1943, the United States attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania filed a libel against 45 bags of flour at Ambridge, Pa. This libel was subsequently amended. The amended libel alleged that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about June 17, 1943, by the Washburn Crosby Co., Eastern Division of General Mills, from Buffalo, N. Y.; and charged that it was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence therein of insects, larvae, webbing, insect fragments, and insect excreta. The article was labeled in part: "PurAsnow Vitamin & Iron Enriched Flour Bleached."