VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances; and Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 23, 1944. The Dan Perkins Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into material for use as hog or stock feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6048. Adulteration of gelatinized corn flour. U. S. v. 97 Bags of a Corn Product. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for segregation and destruction or denaturing of the unfit portion. (F. D. C. No. 12704. Sample No. 72767-F.)

LIBEL FILED: June 19, 1944, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 23, 1943, from Omaha, Nebr.

PRODUCT: 97 140-pound bags of a corn product (gelatinized corn flour) in the possession of the Rose Warehouse Co., Memphis, Tenn.

This product was stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. Some of the bags had been tunneled by rodents and contained rodent excreta. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and some hard, moldy masses of flour.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 25, 1944. Griffith Laboratories, Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the segregation and destruction or denaturing of the unfit portion for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

6049. Adulteration of graham flour. U. S. v. 250 Bags of Graham Flour. Product ordered released under bond to be sold as animal food. (F. D. C. No. 12335. Sample No. 69896–F.)

LIBEL FILED: May 10, 1944, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 17, 1944, by the National Biscuit Co., from Carthage, Mo.

PRODUCT: 250 98-pound bags of graham flour at Denver, Colo.

WIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, whole larvae, larvae heads, and pupae.

DISPOSITION: June 24, 1944. In accordance with an agreement between the Government and claimant, the product was ordered released under bond to be sold as animal food, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6050. Adulteration of malted wheat flour. U. S. v. 36 Sacks of Malted Wheat Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 12724. Sample No. 69685–F.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about July 3, 1944, Northern District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 23, 1943, by the Kansas Milling Co., Wichita, Kans.

PRODUCT: 36 sacks, each containing 100 pounds, of malted wheat flour at Hereford, Tex.

LABEL, IN PART: (Sacks) "Full-Strength Tolerance Tested Malted Wheat Flour Bleached."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), in that the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles, larvae, larvae casts, pupae, and insect fragments.

Disposition: August 11, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.