LABEL, IN PART: (Packages) "Desert Treasure Brand California Dates."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), a portion of the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles, larvae, and insect excreta; and the remainder consisted in whole or in part of a filthy and decomposed substance by reason of the presence of wormy, moldy, and fermented dates.

DISPOSITION: Between February 26 and April 29, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product seized at Salt Lake City was ordered disposed of as hog feed; the remaining lots were ordered destroyed, with the exception of one case in the Spokane lot which was ordered returned to the shipper for analysis but not for sale.

6313. Adulteration of dates. U. S. v. 665 Bags of Dried Dates. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be converted into alcohol. (F. D. C. No. 11574. Sample No. 39643–F.)

LIBEL FILED: January 4, 1944, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 6, 1943, by Mrs. John Ehrlich, from Yuma, Ariz.

PRODUCT: 665 lugs, each containing approximately 30 pounds, of dried dates at Los Angeles, Calif.

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect larvae.

DISPOSITION: January 19, 1944. Mrs. John Ehrlich, claimant, having admitted the allegations in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into alcohol, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6314. Adulteration of dried grape pomace. U. S. v. 882 Bags of Dried Grape Pomace. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered destroyed. (F. D. C. No. 11139. Sample No. 39622–F.)

LIBEL FILED: November 17, 1943, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 14, 1942, from Naples, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 882 bags, each containing about 40 pounds, of dried grape pomace at Los Angeles, Calif., in possession of the California Preserving Co.

The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags had been gnawed by rats, loose grape pomace was scattered on top of and around the pile of bags, and rat pellets were found on the bags. Examination of samples showed that the product contained rodent excreta, rodent hairs, and insect fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it might have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: December 27, 1943. The California Preserving Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reconditioned and brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. It having been found that the product could not be satisfactorily reconditioned, judgment was entered on or before April 15, 1944, ordering that the product be destroyed.

6315. Adulteration of prunes. U. S. v. 22 Boxes of Dried Prunes. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as hog feed. (F. D. C. No. 10741. Sample No. 35802–F.)

LIBEL FILED: September 15, 1943, Northern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 9, 1943, by Rosenberg Brothers & Co., from San Francisco, Calif.

PRODUCT: 22 25-pound boxes of dried prunes at Marianna, Fla.

LABEL, IN PART: "Iris Brand California 40–50 Prunes."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect fragments, and moldy prunes.

DISPOSITION: March 21, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a Federal correctional institution, to be used as hog feed.