LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "Hunt's Supreme Quality Apple Mixed Fruit Jelly Artificially Colored \* \* \* Packed by Hunt Brothers Packing Co. Main Office San Francisco, Calif."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), an artificially colored, jelly-like product containing less soluble solids than required by the standard for mixed fruit jelly had been substituted in whole or in part for mixed fruit

jelly, which the article purported to be.

Misbranding, Section 402 (a), the statement "Apple Mixed Fruit Jelly," which appeared on the label, was false and misleading as applied to an article of food insufficiently concentrated, since the soluble solids content of the finished jelly was less than 65 percent; Section 403 (c), the article was an imitation of another food, fruit jelly, and the label failed to bear, in type of uniform size and prominence, the word "imitation," and, immediately thereafter, the name of the food imitated; Section 403 (g) (1), it purported to be fruit jelly, a food for which a definition and standard of identity has been prescribed by regulations promulgated pursuant to law, and it failed to conform to the definition and standard; and, Section 403 (i) (2), the article was fabricated from two or more ingredients and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient.

DISPOSITION: October 20, 1943. Hunt Brothers Packing Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, the product was ordered released under bond to be relabeled under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6327. Adulteration of apricot paste. U. S. v. 30 Cartons of Apricot Paste. Consent decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 10776. Sample No. 33499-F.)

LIBEL FILED: September 17, 1943, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 16, 1942, by Jack Gomperts & Co., Reedley, Calif.

PRODUCT: 30 80-pound cartons of apricot paste at New York, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: "California Apricot Paste."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, insect fragments, and mites.

Disposition: March 1, 1944. The consignee of the product having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

6328. Adulteration of fig jam. U. S. v. 137 Cases of Fig Jam (and 2 other seizure actions against fig jam). Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be used in wine or brandy making. (F. D. C. Nos. 11166 to 11168, incl. Sample Nos. 50471-F, 50472-F.)

LIBEL FILED: November 23, 1943, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENTS: On or about September 29, 1943, by the Beckwith Fig Co. from Alameda, Calif.

PRODUCT: 415 cases, each containing 6 No. 10 jars, of fig. jam at Philadelphia, Pa. Examination showed that the product was fermented.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jars) "Tux brand Fancy Kadota Fig Jam \* \* \* Distributed by George B. Vrooman, Inc. Philadelphia, Penna.," or "Parke's Brand \* \* \* Fancy Kadota Fig Jam \* \* \* L. H. Parke Company Distributors Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Penna."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: February 17, 1944. The cases having been consolidated and the Beckwith Fig Co. having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be sold for use in wine or brandy making, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6329. Adulteration of fig paste. U. S. v. 780 Cartons of Fig Paste (and 2 other seizure actions against fig paste). Consent decrees of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. Nos. 10688, 12336, 12337. Sample Nos. 33979-F, 70483-F, 70495-F, 70496-F.)

LIBELS FILED: On or about September 7, 1943, and May 16, 1944, Western District of New York and District of Oregon.