

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Sections 402 (b) (2) and (4), a residue consisting essentially of calcium compounds had been substituted in part for molasses, which the article was represented to be, and had been added to and mixed and packed with it so as to reduce its quality and strength.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the name "Molasses" was false and misleading; and the statement "Net Vol. 15 Fl. Ozs." was false and misleading since the jars contained less than this amount of molasses, due to the space taken up by the residue.

DISPOSITION: May 3, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

6660. Misbranding of cane sirup. U. S. v. 35 Cases of Sirup. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be relabeled. (F. D. C. No. 11657. Sample No. 30014-F.)

LIBEL FILED: January 19, 1944, District of Idaho.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 9, 1943, by Roy Harry, from Sulphur Springs, Tex.

PRODUCT: 35 cases, each containing 6 jars, of cane sirup at Twin Falls, Idaho.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "New Crop—Country Made Ribbon Cane Syrup."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the statement which appeared in the labeling, "Net Contents 3 Quarts, 1 Pint," was false and misleading as applied to the article, which was short volume; and, Section 403 (e) (2), it was a food in package form and it failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents in terms of weight.

DISPOSITION: May 23, 1944. The Davidson Wholesale Co., Twin Falls, Idaho, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be relabeled under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

6661. Adulteration and misbranding of sorghum sirup. U. S. v. 77 Cases of Sirup. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond to be relabeled. (F. D. C. No. 11658. Sample No. 30013-F.)

LIBEL FILED: January 19, 1944, District of Idaho.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 9, 1943, by V. E. Nicholson, from Sulphur Springs, Tex.

PRODUCT: 77 cases, each containing 6 jars, of sirup at Twin Falls, Idaho.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "East Texas Sorghum Syrup. Made of Sorghum Syrup and Corn Syrup Net Contents: 3 Quarts, 1 Pint."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a mixture of corn sirup and partially refined sugar sirup containing little or no sorghum sirup had been substituted for sorghum sirup, which the article purported to be.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the statements appearing on the label, "Sorghum Syrup," "Made of Sorghum Syrup and Corn Syrup," and "Net Contents: 3 Quarts, 1 Pint," were false and misleading as applied to the article, which consisted of corn sirup and partially refined sugar sirup with little or no sorghum sirup, and which was short volume; Section 403 (e) (2), the product was food in package form and it failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents; and, Section 403 (i) (2), it was fabricated from two or more ingredients and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each ingredient since the presence of partially refined sugar sirup was not declared.

DISPOSITION: May 23, 1944. The Davidson Wholesale Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be relabeled under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

6662. Adulteration of cane sugar. U. S. v. 115 Bags of Sugar. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond for segregation and reconditioning of the unfit portion. (F. D. C. No. 12947. Sample No. 72558-F.)

LIBEL FILED: July 19, 1944, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 15, 1944, from Houma, La.

PRODUCT: 115 bags, each containing 100 pounds, of sugar at Memphis, Tenn., in the possession of the General Warehouse Co.

This product had been stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. Some of the bags had been gnawed by rodents and contained rodent excreta and urine stains. Examination showed that the sugar contained rodent excreta and had become contaminated with urine.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 2, 1944. The Realty Operators, Inc., Houma, La., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the segregation and destruction or denaturing of the unfit portion. On August 8, 1944, an amended decree was entered, providing for the refining and recrystallization of the unfit portion, under the supervision of an officer designated by the Federal Security Agency Administrator.

6663. Adulteration of sugar. U. S. v. 100 Bags of Sugar. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11875. Sample No. 48939-F.)

LIBEL FILED: February 19, 1944, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 20, 1942, from Louisville, Ky.

PRODUCT: 100 100-pound bags of sugar at Cincinnati, Ohio, in possession of the Cincinnati Terminal Warehouse, Inc.

The sugar had been stored under insanitary conditions after shipment, and the bags bore rodent urine stains. Examination of samples showed that the product was contaminated with rodent urine and rodent excreta pellets.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 3, 1944. Fred J. Williams, trading as the California Orange Bar, Cincinnati, Ohio, claimant, having admitted the facts in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be used in the manufacture of dog food, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6664. Adulteration of powdered sugar. U. S. v. 310 Bags of Powdered Sugar. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 12194. Sample No. 64865-F.)

LIBEL FILED: April 26, 1944, Western District of Washington; amended libel filed July 3, 1944.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 29, 1943, from Crockett, Calif.

PRODUCT: 310 100-pound bags of powdered sugar at Seattle, Wash., in possession of the Hullin Transfer Co.

The product had been stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-cut and urine-stained, and examination of samples showed that the product contained rodent excreta and rodent hairs.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 3, 1944. The Johnson-Lieber Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the unfit portion be segregated and reprocessed under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

BUTTER

The following cases report actions involving butter that was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy or decomposed substance, as evidenced by mold, Nos. 6665 and 6666; it was below the standard for milk fat content, Nos. 6667 to 6673; and it was short weight, Nos. 6672 and 6673.