7008. Adulteration of white corn meal and flour. U. S. v. Alleghany Milling Co., Inc. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$250. (F. D. C. No. 12527. Sample Nos. 46399–F, 59013–F, 59014–F, 59016–F, 59017–F.)

INFORMATION FILED: July 13, 1944, Western District of Virginia, against the Alleghany Milling Co., Covington, Va.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: From on or about October 15, 1943, to December 17, 1943, from the State of Virginia into the State of West Virginia.

LABEL, IN PART: "Virginia's Best White Bolted Corn Meal," "Safe Way Flour Special Patent" or "Pure Bred Flour."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of one or more of the following types of filth: Insect fragments, rodent execreta pellet fragments, rodent hair fragments, fragments of hair resembling rodent hairs, a larva, and larva heads; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: July 17, 1944. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered on behalf of the defendant, a fine of \$250 was imposed.

7009. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 37 Bags of Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 13210. Sample No. 79497-F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 10, 1944, Southern District of West Virginia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 25, 1944, from Springfield, Ill.

PRODUCT: 37 100-pound bags of flour at Charleston, W. Va., in possession of

Charleston Food Products Co.

The flour was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets and urine stains were observed. Examination showed that the article contained larvae, insect fragments, and rodent hair fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 23, 1944. Fred F. French, Charleston, W. Va., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be manufactured into hog feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

7010. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 50 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 13120. Sample No. 34906-F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 3, 1944, Middle District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 8, 1944, from St. Joseph, Mo.

PRODUCT: 50 100-pound bags of flour, at Thomaston, Ga., in possession of City Wholesale Co.

The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent-cut, and contained rodent pellets and urine stains. Examination showed that the product contained weevils, larvae, and cast skins.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 26, 1944. City Wholesale Co., claimant, having admitted the material allegation of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reworked for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

7011. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 75 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 11767. Sample No. 61080-F.)

LIBEL FILED: February 8, 1944, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT. On or about November 23, 1943, from Greenville, Tex.

PRODUCT: 75 98-pound bags of flour, at New Orleans, La., in possession of Maloney Trucking & Storage, Inc.

The flour was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. The bags were rodent cut, and rodent pellets and urine stains were found on them.

Examinations of samples showed that the product contained rodent hairs.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 25, 1944. N. J. Thiery, New Orleans, La., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, to be denatured and used for animal or poultry food under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

7012. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 5 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 13111. Sample No. 77967-F.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 2, 1944, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 3, 1943, from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 5 10-pound bags of flour at Bridgeton, N. J., in possession of the Home Town Stores, Inc. The flour was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on the bags. Examination of the flour showed the presence of rodent pellets, weevils, and larvae.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: September 28, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

7013. Adulteration of self-rising flour, phosphated flour, and plain flour. U. S. v. 205 Bags of Self-Rising Flour, and 75 Bags of Phosphated Flour (and 1 other seizure action against self-rising flour and plain flour). Decrees of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. Nos. 13019, 13196. Sample Nos. 64001-F, 64002-F, 80733-F to 80735-F, incl.)

LIBELS FILED: On or about July 24 and August 17, 1944, Northern District of Georgia and Eastern District of Arkansas.

ADLEGED SHIPMENT: From on or about October 6, 1943, to April 14, 1944, by Blair Milling Co., Atchison, Kans.

PRODUCT: 205 50-pound bags of self-rising flour and 17 48-pound bags of phosphated flour at Covington, Ga., in possession of Godfrey and Candler; and 10 100-pound and 12 50-pound bags of plain flour and 11 50-pound bags of self-rising flour at Forrest City, Ark.

The 205 bags of self-rising flour in the Covington lot were stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Examination of a sample from this portion showed rodent contamination, as evidenced by the presence of rodent urine,

rodent excreta, and rodent hair.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bag) "Snow Lake High Patent Flour Bleached * * * Self Rising Flour [or "Phosphated Flour"]," "Blairs Certified Flour," or "Blairs Certified Flour Self Rising."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence (Forrest City lot and 17 bags of Covington lot) of insects, larvae, and cast skins; and, Section 402 (a) (4), (205 bags of Covington lot) they had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 4 and October 9, 1944, Godfrey and Candler, claimant for the Covington lot, and Merchants Specialty Co., Forrest City, Ark., claimant for the remaining lot, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered released under bond, conditioned that they be denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

1014. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 106 Bags of Flour. Default decree of destruction or disposition as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 13743. Sample No. 87452-F.)

LIBEL FILED: September 26, 1944, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 24, 1944, from Cedar Rapids, Iowa. PRODUCT: 106 50-pound bags of flour at Duluth, Minn., in possession of Winston & Newell Co.