

7532. Adulteration of phosphated flour and self-rising flour. U. S. v. 394 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 12383. Sample No. 60818-F.)

LIBEL FILED: May 19, 1944, Southern District of Mississippi.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 25 and 31 and April 3, 1944, from Wilson, Kans.

PRODUCT: 254 25-pound bags and 140 50-pound bags of flour at Magnolia, Miss., in the possession of the Coney Grocery Co.

This product was stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. Many of the bags were rodent-cut and contained rodent pellets and urine stains. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta and rodent hairs.

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance.

DISPOSITION: November 6, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

7533. Adulteration of phosphated flour. U. S. v. 79 Bags and 260 Bags of Phosphated Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold for use as animal feed. (F. D. C. No. 13977. Sample No. 68856-F.)

LIBEL FILED: October 19, 1944, District of New Mexico.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 24, 1944, from Sherman, Tex.

PRODUCT: 79 5-pound bags and 260 50-pound bags of flour at Clovis, N. Mex., in the possession of the J. M. Radford Grocery Co.

This article was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Rodent pellets and urine stains were observed on the bags, and examination showed that the article contained larvae and insect fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold for use as animal feed.

7534. Adulteration of soy flour. U. S. v. 79 Bags of Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold. (F. D. C. No. 14171. Sample No. 80374-F.)

LIBEL FILED: October 31, 1944, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 22, 1943, by the Central Soya Co., from Decatur, Ind.

PRODUCT: 79 100-pound bags of soy flour at St. Louis, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bags) "Edible Soya Central Soya Me-T-Soy."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: January 10, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold on condition that it should not be disposed of in violation of the law.

7535. Adulteration of soy flour. U. S. v. 375 Bags of Soy Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 14951. Sample No. 3836-F.)

LIBEL FILED: January 3, 1945, Northern District of Oklahoma.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 8, 1944, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 375 100-pound bags of soy flour, at Tulsa, Okla., in the possession of the Joe Hodges Fireproof Warehouse Co.

This product was stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. The bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent pellets were observed on the bags. Examination showed that the product contained rodent hairs and rodent excreta pellets.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 15, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.