8328. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched phosphated flour. U. S. v. 665
Bags of Enriched Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered
released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 14631. Sample No. 90550-F.)

LIBEL FILED: December 13, 1944, Eastern District of Kentucky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 13 and 27, 1944, by George Couch and Sons, from New Harmony, Ind.

Product: 665 25-pound bags of enriched flour at Combs, Ky.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bags) "Bleached Calcium Phosphate Added Betty Maid Flour Enriched with Vitamins and Iron."

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour, since it contained approximately 1.70 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁), and 8.84 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the standard requires 2.0 milligrams of thiamine and 13.0

Disposition: January 22, 1945. George Couch and Sons, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be remanufactured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

8329. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. 380 Bags of Flour. Decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 14717. Sample No. 9686–F.)

LIBEL FILED: December 7, 1944, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 1, 1944, by the Texas Star Flour Mills, from Fort Worth, Tex.

PRODUCT: 380 100-pound bags of flour at New Orleans, La.

LABEL, IN PART: "Bleached Ambrosia Flour Enriched."

milligrams of iron per pound.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine (vitamin B₁) and iron, had been in part omitted from the product. Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard for enriched flour, since it contained approximately 1.49 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B₁) and 11.7 milligrams of iron per pound, whereas the standard requires not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine and not less than 13.0 milligrams of iron per pound.

DISPOSITION: December 29, 1944. The Texas Star Flour Mills, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for remilling and enrichment in conformity with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

MISCELLANEOUS CEREAL PRODUCTS*

8330. Adulteration of white corn flakes. U. S. v. 52 Bags of White Corn Flakes. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. Nos. 14531, 14532. Sample Nos. 74367-F, 74368-F.)

Libel Filed: November 30, 1944, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 14, 1944, by the Decatur Milling Co., from Decatur, Ill.

PRODUCT: 52 bags, each containing 20 pounds, of white corn flakes at Los Angeles, Calif.

LABEL, IN PART: "Hexagon Brand Cream of Maize Bakers and Confectioners Corn Flakes."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of beetles, larvae, and insect fragments.

Disposition: December 20, 1944. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

8331. Adulteration of corn grits. U. S. v. 600 Bags of Corn Grits. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 14624. Sample No. 82991-F.)

LIBEL FILED: December 5, 1944, Eastern District of New York.

^{*}See also No. 8319.