entered and the products were ordered released under bond to be denatured and converted into a product suitable for stock feed or industrial use, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

9651. Adulteration of self-rising flour and phosphated flour. U. S. v. 195 Bags of Self-Rising Flour and 90 Bags of Phosphated Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Products ordered delivered to a public institution. (F. D. C. No. 16883. Sample Nos. 24495–H, 24632–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 13, 1945, Southern District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 15, 1945, from Memphis, Tenn., by the Pillsbury Flour Mills Co.

Product: 195 25-pound bags of self-rising flour and 90 25-pound bags of phosphated flour at Mobile, Ala., in the possession of the Campbell Grocery Co. The phosphated flour was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Both lots of the flour contained weevils and larvae.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pillsbury's Best."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), both lots of the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the phosphated flour had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: October 29, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered delivered to a public institution, for use as stock feed.

9652. Adulteration of self-rising flour and plain flour. U. S. v. 1,452 Bags of Self-Rising Flour and 97 Bags and 57 Bags of Plain Flour. Decree of condemnation. Products ordered delivered to a Federal institution. (F. D. C. No. 17150. Sample No. 24846–H.)

LIBEL FILED: August 24, 1945, Northern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of August 16, 1944, and March 29, 1945, by the Sauers Milling Co., from Evansville, Ill.

PRODUCT: 1,452 5-, 10-, 25-, or 50-pound bags of self-rising flour and 97 5-pound bags and 57 10-pound bags of plain flour at Pensacola, Fla.

LABEL, IN PART: "Bleached [or "Self-Rising Bleached"] Sauers Invincible Flour," or "Bleached Sauers Infallible Special Patent Flour Enriched."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of weevils and larvae.

DISPOSITION: September 26, 1945. The Sauers Milling Co. having filed a disclaimer, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered delivered to a Federal institution, for use as hog feed.

9653. Adulteration of plain flour and rye flour. U. S. v. 155 Bags of Rye Flour and 210 Bags of Plain Flour. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 17063. Sample Nos. 14000-H, 14541-H, 14542-H.)

LIBEL FILED: September 28, 1945, Southern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 21, May 18, and August 11, 1945, by the Valier and Spies Milling Co., from St. Louis, Mo.

PRODUCT: 155 100-pound bags of dark rye flour and 210 100-pound bags of plain flour at Evansville, Ind.

LABEL, IN PART: "Valier's Pure Dark Rye," or "King Pin Bleached Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of beetles and larvae.

DISPOSITION: November 5, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

9654. Adulteration of rye flour. U. S. v. 140 Bags of Rye Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 16990. Sample No. 13745-H.)

LIBEL FILED: August 11, 1945, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 27, 1945, from Janesville, Wis.

PRODUCT: 140 100-pound bags of rye flour at Cleveland, Ohio, in the possession of Basic Food Materials, Inc. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta pellets were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta, rodent hair fragments, beetles, and larvae.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 11, 1945. Basic Food Materials, Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into chicken feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

9655. Adulteration of rye flour. U. S. v. 6 Bags of Rye Flour. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 17081. Sample No. 4483-H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 9, 1945, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 10, 1944, and April 11, 1945, by Washburn Crosby, from Buffalo, N. Y.

Product: 6 100-pound bags of rye flour at Wildwood, N. J.

LABEL, IN PART: "Washburn Crosby Gold Medal Flour \* \* \* Pure 000 Rye Bleached."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils and larvae.

Disposition: October 5, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9656. Adulteration of waffle flour. U. S. v. 17 Bales of Waffle Flour. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 17025. Sample No. 21647–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 18, 1945, Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 11, 1945, by the Anchor Mills, Inc., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 17 bales, each containing 5 10-pound bags, of waffle flour at Kansas City, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Anchor Mills Wonder Waffle Mix."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, insects, and larvae; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 24, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

9657. Misbranding of flapjack flour. U. S. v. 50 Cases of Flapjack Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 15466. Sample No. 26421-H.)

LIBEL FILED: March 5, 1945, District of Nebraska.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 8, 1945, by Toomey's Mills, from Newcastle, Wyo.

PRODUCT: 50 cases, each containing 12 packages, of flapjack flour at Lincoln, Nebr. Examination showed that the product was short-weight.

LABEL, IN PART: "Toomey's Self-Rising Famous Flapjack Flour 12 Ozs."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents.

DISPOSITION: March 20, 1945. Toomey's Mills, claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution.