10232. Adulteration of Soyflake flour. U. S. v. 425 Bags of Soyflake Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold. (F. D. C. No. 17730. Sample No. 23509–H.)

LIBEL FILED: October 3, 1945, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 14, 1945, by Spencer Kellogg and Sons, Inc., from Decatur, Ill.

PRODUCT: 425 100-pound bags of Soyflake flour at St. Louis, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Kelloggs Soyflake Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of moths, larvae, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: November 13, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold to be denatured as directed by the Federal Security Agency, so that it could not be used for human consumption.

10233. Adulteration of whole wheat flour. U. S. v. 20 Bags of Whole Wheat Flour. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 17677. Sample No. 14545–H.)

LIBEL FILED: September 29, 1945, Southern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 31, 1945, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 20 100-pound bags of whole wheat flour at Evansville, Ind., in possession of the Hartford Baking Co. The product was stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Some of the bags were rodent-gnawed, and rodent excreta and urine stains were observed on them. Examination showed that the product contained rodent excreta and beetles.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 403 (a) (4, it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: November 5, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

10234. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched flour. U. S. v. 185 Bales of Enriched Flour. Default decree ordering product delivered to a charitable institution. (F. D. C. No. 17441. Sample No. 21356–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about September 25, 1945, Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 1, 1945, by American Flours, Inc., from Newton, Kans.

PRODUCT: 185 bales, each containing 10 5-pound bags, of flour at Kansas City, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched Kitchen Craft Finest Grade Enriched Bleached Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, thiamine (vitamin B_1), had been in part omitted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for enriched flour, since the definition and standard requires that enriched flour shall contain in each pound not less than 2.0 milligrams of thiamine (vitamin B_1), and the product contained approximately 1.5 milligrams of thiamine per pound.

DISPOSITION: February 4, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment was entered ordering the product delivered to a charitable institution in lieu of destruction.

10235. Adulteration and misbranding of enriched phosphated flour. U. S. v. 104 Bags of Enriched Phosphated Flour. Default decree of condemnation. Product ordered sold to the highest bidder, to be denatured for use other than human consumption. (F. D. C. No. 17664. Sample No. 23470–H.)

LIBEL FILED: September 25, 1945, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 27 and August 14, 1945, by the Weber Flour Mills Co., from Lincoln, Nebr., and Salina, Kans.

PRODUCT: 104 25-pound bags of enriched phosphated flour at St. Louis, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Enriched Phosphated Tea Table Flour Bleached."