Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Pure Spanish Saffron * * * Made from Extract of Pure Saffron" was false and misleading as applied to this article which contained no saffron; and, Section 403 (b), the article was offered for sale under the name of another food.

DISPOSITION: On April 11, 1945, by order of the United States district court for the District of Massachusetts, these 2 actions were consolidated with others involving similar products and removed to the United States district court for the Southern District of New York. On January 14, 1947, David Kleckner and Sons, Inc., claimant, having withdrawn its answer filed in each of the proceedings and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

10885. Misbranding of food preservative tablets. U. S. v. 28,300 * * * (F. D. C. No. 18191. Sample No. 4567-H.)

LIBEL FILED: October 18, 1945, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 14, 1945, by the Burrough Brothers Manufacturing Co., from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 28,300 food preservative tablets at Reading, Pa. Examination showed that each tablet contained 20 grains of salicylic acid and a small proportion of tartaric acid.

LABEL, IN PART: (Sticker inside bulk container) "Private Formula No. 6006

* * * Rx For B. S. Bergey * * * Reading, Pennsylvania Acid Salicylic 20 grains and Tartaric Powder 2 grains."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the labeling was misleading since it failed to reveal that the article contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, salicylic acid, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is a substance not required in the production of the article and could have been avoided by good manufacturing practice.

Disposition: January 10, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

10886. Adulteration of mincemeat. U. S. v. Walter A. Vellguth (Velco – E. W. Products Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$1,000. (F. D. C. No. 18600. Sample Nos. 26764-H, 28871-H, 28873-H, 28885-H, 29931-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: February 27, 1946, Northern District of California, against Walter A. Vellguth, an individual, trading as Velco - E. W. Products Co., San Francisco, Calif.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of June 15 and October 1, 1945, from the State of California into the States of Colorado and Washington and the Territory of Hawaii.

LABEL, IN PART: "California's Best E-W [or "Ideal Brand"] Mince Meat." NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of whole insects, insect fragments, worm fragments, and rodent hairs, and (2 shipments) of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of fermenting mincemeat; and, Section 402 (a) (4), (1 shipment) it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 9, 1946. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, a fine of \$1,000 was imposed.

10887. Adulteration of mincement. U. S. v. 98 Tubs * * *. (F. D. C. No. 18080. Sample No. 29931–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about November 7, 1945, District of Hawaii.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 1, 1945, by Theo H. Davies and Co., Ltd., from San Francisco, Calif.

PRODUCT: 98 25-pound tubs of mincemeat at Honolulu, T. H.

LABEL, IN PART: "Ideal Brand Mince Meat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hairs.

DISPOSITION: January 23, 1946. Theo H. Davies and Co., Ltd., claimant, having admitted that the product was adulterated as alleged in the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.