

LABEL, IN PART: "Gulf Central Brand American Crab Meat Vacuum packed White Meat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: January 21, 1947. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

11613. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. 5 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21021. Sample No. 3981-H.)

LIBEL FILED: September 20, 1946, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 18, 1946, by the L. C. Mays Co., Inc., from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 5 cases, each containing 24 7 $\frac{7}{10}$ -ounce cans, of crab meat at Bethlehem, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "High Sea Brand White Meat American Crab Meat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

DISPOSITION: October 22, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

11614. Adulteration and misbranding of minced clams. U. S. v. 264 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 20769. Sample No. 8836-H.)

LIBEL FILED: September 4, 1946, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 18, 1946, by the Medomak Canning Co., from Winslows Mills, Maine.

PRODUCT: 264 cases, each containing 48 cans, of minced clams at New York, N. Y. Examination showed that the average net weight of the contents of the cans was 11.25 ounces, and that the average drained weight was 4.45 ounces.

LABEL, IN PART: (Cases) "48 cans No. 1 Unlabeled Minced Clams."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), brine had been substituted in part for minced clams.

Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (1), the article did not bear a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; Section 403 (e) (2), it did not bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents; and, Section 403 (i) (1), it did not bear a label stating the common or usual name of the food.

DISPOSITION: April 3, 1947. The Vee Mar Food Products Co., New York, N. Y., having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be labeled in compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

11615. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. Whiz Fish Products Co., Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$500 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 20924. Sample Nos. 59531-H, 59533-H.)

INFORMATION FILED: October 9, 1946, Western District of Washington, against the Whiz Fish Products Co., Inc., Seattle, Wash.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 12 and 15, 1946, from the State of Washington into the State of California.

PRODUCT: Oysters. The product contained added water.

LABEL, IN PART: "Packed * * * For Palace Fish & Oyster Co. Wash. Cert. 128."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters.

DISPOSITION: November 9, 1946. A plea of guilty having been entered on behalf of the defendant, the court imposed a fine of \$250 on each count, a total fine of \$500, plus costs.

11616. Misbranding of canned shrimp. U. S. v. 200 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 20873. Sample No. 24260-H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about September 13, 1946, Southern District of Alabama.