

**11913. Adulteration of rockfish fillets. U. S. v. 459 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21958. Sample Nos. 43100-H, 90709-H.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 9, 1946, District of Columbia.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 9, 1946, by the New England Fish Co., from Everett, Wash.

**PRODUCT:** 459 cases, each containing 10 5-pound cartons, of rockfish fillets at Washington, D. C.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Fillet of Rock Fish Belleanna Brand Fish Chillets."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a putrid substance.

**DISPOSITION:** March 6, 1947. The New England Fish Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the purpose of segregating the good from the bad, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**11914. Adulteration of frozen whiting and frozen rosefish fillets. U. S. v. 303 Cartons, etc. (and 2 other seizure actions). (F. D. C. Nos. 21973, 21991, 22349. Sample Nos. 54416-H, 55201-H, 60097-H.)**

**LIBELS FILED:** On or about December 23, 1946, and on January 2, 1947, Northern District of Georgia and Western District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 3 and 14, 1946, by the Provincetown Fisheries, Inc., from Provincetown, Mass.

**PRODUCT:** 303 50-pound cartons of frozen whiting and 191 40-pound cartons of frozen rosefish fillets at Atlanta, Ga., and 174 40-pound cartons of frozen rosefish fillets at Buffalo, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the whiting and a portion of the rosefish consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed or putrid substance, and the remainder of the rosefish consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of being infested with parasites.

**DISPOSITION:** January 10 and February 12 and 24, 1947. No claimant having appeared, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered destroyed.

**11915. Adulteration of crab meat. U. S. v. Carol Dryden (Carol Dryden & Co.). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$1,000 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 21549. Sample Nos. 42071-H, 42076-H.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** February 5, 1947, District of Maryland, against Carol Dryden, doing business as Carol Dryden & Co., Crisfield, Md.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 17 and 19, 1946, from the State of Maryland into the States of Pennsylvania and New York.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "One Pound Pride of the Chesapeake Crab Meat."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fecal *Escherichia coli*; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

**DISPOSITION:** May 9, 1947. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court imposed a fine of \$1,000, plus costs.

**11916. Adulteration and misbranding of crab meat. U. S. v. James M. Jackson (J. M. Jackson & Sons). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$150; defendant placed on probation for 2 years. (F. D. C. No. 21567. Sample Nos. 1523-H, 1641-H, 1642-H, 41625-H to 41630-H, incl.)**

**INFORMATION FILED:** March 5, 1947, Southern District of Georgia, against James M. Jackson, an individual trading as J. M. Jackson & Sons, at Savannah, Ga.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 27 and June 11, 1946, from the State of Georgia into the State of Maryland.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration (1 shipment), Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fecal *Escherichia coli*; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Misbranding (other shipments), Section 403 (a) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents, in that the covers of the cans enclosing the food bore the statement "1 Lb." and the crab meat contained in the cans weighed less than 1 pound.

**DISPOSITION:** March 15, 1947. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered, the defendant was fined \$150 and was placed on probation for a period of 2 years.

**11917. Adulteration of canned clams. U. S. v. 17 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21639. Sample No. 57177-H.)**

**LABEL FILED:** December 4, 1946, District of Rhode Island.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about August 24, 1946, by the L. Ray Packing Co., from Cherryfield, Maine.

**PRODUCT:** 17 cases, each containing 48  $2\frac{1}{16}$  x 4-inch size cans, of clams at Providence, R. I. Examination showed that the cans contained an average of 4.71 ounces of drained clams, whereas cans of that size should contain a minimum of 5 ounces of drained clams.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Ray Brand Contents 10½ Oz. Avoir. Fancy Maine Clams Packed by L. Ray Company Milbridge, Maine."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), brine had been substituted in part for clams.

**DISPOSITION:** January 21, 1947. The L. Ray Packing Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment was entered ordering that the product be released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**11918. Adulteration of canned oysters. U. S. v. 1,810 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21692. Sample No. 58743-H.)**

**LABEL FILED:** November 13, 1946, Western District of Washington.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 7, 1946, by Dungeness Co., from Wichita, Kansas.

**PRODUCT:** 1,810 cases, each containing 48 8-ounce cans, of oysters at Seattle, Wash.

**LABEL, IN PART:** "Haines Brand Fancy Pacific Oysters," "Shoalwater Brand Oysters," or "Nip-Tide Brand Pacific Oysters."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** January 24, 1947. The Dungeness Sales Co., Inc., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that the fit portion be segregated and sorted from the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

**11919. Adulteration of frozen shrimp. U. S. v. 6 Boxes \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21610. Sample Nos. 63520-H, 63521-H.)**

**LABEL FILED:** November 4, 1946, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 29, 1946, by the Golden Meadow Fisheries Co., from Golden Meadow, La.

**PRODUCT:** 6 boxes, containing a total of 728 pounds, of frozen shrimp at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance.

**DISPOSITION:** November 22, 1946. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**11920. Adulteration of frozen shrimp. U. S. v. 299 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 21826. Sample No. 17062-H.)**

**LABEL FILED:** December 11, 1946, Northern District of Illinois.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about October 26, 1946, by the Liberty Ice & Cold Storage Co., from New Orleans, La.

**PRODUCT:** 299 cases, each containing 10 5-pound boxes, of frozen shrimp at Chicago, Ill.