13971. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 94 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25823. Sample No. 189–K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 15, 1948, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 22, 1948, from Mermentau, La.

PRODUCT: 94 cases, each containing 20 3-pound bags, of rice at Atlanta, Ga.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 2, 1948. The Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., Atlanta, Ga., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reprocessed, recleaned, and repacked under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

Of the 6,300 pounds of rice seized, 5,900 pounds were released after the cleaning operations as satisfactory, and the remainder, consisting of screenings and debris, was denatured.

13972. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 90 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25723. Sample No. 40744-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 20, 1948, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 26, 1948, from Portland, Oreg., by Kong Loy.

PRODUCT: 90 100-pound bags of rice at Seattle, Wash.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: December 16, 1948. Kong Loy, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the purpose of sorting and separating the good portion from the bad and denaturing the contaminated portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

The uncontaminated portion was separated from the unfit portion, and the latter, consisting of 43 sacks, was resacked and reconditioned, resulting in the rejection of 105 pounds of the product.

13973. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 26 Bags \* \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 25495. Sample No. 2278-K.)

LIBEL FILED: August 24, 1948, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 12 and April 8, 1948, from Houston, Tex.

PRODUCT: 26 100-pound bags of rice at Salisbury, Md., in possession of T. L. Ruark & Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 11, 1948. Adolphus Rice Mills, Houston, Tex., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be denatured for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.