(a) (4), the products had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: December 6, 1948. Pleas of guilty having been entered by the defendants, the court imposed a fine of \$750 against the corporation and a fine of \$250 against the individual.

14345. Adulteration of macaroni. U. S. v. 65 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 25963. Sample No. 30621-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 22, 1948, District of Arizona.

Alleged Shipment: On or about September 23, 1948, by the Globe Mills, from Los Angeles, Calif.

PRODUCT: 65 cartons, each containing 24 1-pound bags, of macaroni at Nogales, Ariz.

LABEL, IN PART: "Macaroni * * * Globe A1."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: January 10, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS*

14346. Adulteration of shelled corn. U. S. v. 100 Bags * * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26082. Sample No. 5355-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 29, 1948, District of Rhode Island.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 23, 1948, by the Wilkins-Rogers Milling Co., from Washington D. C.

PRODUCT: 100 100-pound bags of shelled corn at Usquepaugh, R. I.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

DISPOSITION: December 23, 1948. Kenyon's Johnny Cake Meal Co., Usquepaugh, R. I., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, to be disposed of for use as animal feed.

14347. Adulteration of hybrid corn for popping. U. S. v. 74 Bags * * * (F. D. C. No. 26079. Sample No. 5496-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 18, 1948, District of Massachusetts.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 9, 1946, from Atchison, Kans.

PRODUCT: 74 100-pound bags of hybrid corn for popping at Boston, Mass., in the possession of the John W. Leavitt Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta and insects; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: March 28, 1949. The John W. Leavitt Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the

^{*} See also Nos. 14326, 14341.

product was ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

14348. Adulteration of popcorn. U. S. v. Jules William Bond (J. W. Bond). Plea of guilty. Fine, \$500 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 24554. Sample Nos.

INFORMATION FILED: May 3, 1948, Western District of Kentucky, against Jules William Bond, trading as J. W. Bond, at Henderson, Ky.

Alleged Shipment: On or about September 22 and 23, 1947, from the State of Kentucky into the States of Florida and Illinois.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of larvae, insect fragments, rodent hair fragments, rodent-gnawed kernels, and insect-attacked kernels; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: February 28, 1949. A plea of guilty having been entered, the

14349. Adulteration of popcorn. U.S. v. 11 Bags * *. (F. D. C. No. 23999. Sample No. 26618-K.)

LIBEL FILED: December 3, 1947, Eastern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 23, 1947, by J. W. Bond, from Hen-

PRODUCT: 11 100-pound bags of popcorn at Danville, Ill.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article contained larvae, rodent hair fragments, and insect- and rodent-eaten popcorn; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: February 24, 1948. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered sold to the highest bidder, for use other than for human consumption.

14350. Adulteration of popcorn. U. S. v. 49 Bags Sample No. 6499-K.) *. (F. D. C. No. 25656.

LIBEL FILED: September 20, 1948, Western District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 25, 1948, from Marion, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 49 100-pound bags of popcorn at Fairport, N. Y., in possession of the

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent pellets and rodent-gnawed kernels; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate

Disposition: December 7, 1948. E. Benjamin Holton, Webster, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for the purpose of salvaging the good portion of the popcorn, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. As a result of the salvaging operations, 25 bags of the product were found unfit and were denatured for use as hog feed.