14354. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 49 Bags * * * *. (F. D. C. No. 25751. Sample No. 93-K.)

LIBEL FILED: September 15, 1948, Eastern District of South Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 1, 1948, from De Witt, Ark.

PRODUCT: 49 100-pound bags of rice at Charleston, S. C., in possession of D. W. Ohlandt & Sons.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and rodent excreta; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 11, 1949. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered delivered to a charitable institution to be used for purposes other than for human consumption.

14355. Adulteration of cracked wheat. U. S. v. 26 Bags * * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26640. Sample No. 5719–K.)

LIBEL FILED: March 18, 1949, District of New Hampshire.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 13, 1948, from Kansas City, Mo.

PRODUCT: 26 100-pound bags of cracked wheat at Manchester, N. H., in the possession of Normand Brothers, Inc.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta and rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: April 18, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

14356. Misbranding of corn flakes and Quick Wheat. U. S. v. Albers Milling Co. Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$2,000. (F. D. C. No. 26310. Sample Nos. 31257–K, 36782–K, 40530–K, 40728–K.)

INFORMATION FILED: January 13, 1949, Northern District of California, against the Albers Milling Co., a corporation, Oakland, Calif.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of February 13 and July 19, 1948, from the State of California into the States of Arizona, Washington, and Oregon.

LABEL, IN PART: "Carnation * * * Corn Flakes," "Albers Corn Flakes," or "Carnation Quick Wheat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Corn flakes. Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the statement on the label of a portion of the article, "A one-ounce serving of these delicious Corn Flakes contains 12% of an adult's minimum daily requirement of Thiamin. Vitamin B_1 " and a similar statement on the label of the remainder of the article were false and misleading since a one-ounce serving of the article would provide less than 12 percent of an adult's minimum daily requirement of thiamine, vitamin B_1 .

Quick Wheat. Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "An average serving of Carnation Quick Wheat (one ounce) containing approximately 68 U. S. P., units of Vitamin B_1 supplies approximately the following proportions of the minimum daily requirements for Vitamin B_1 : infant $\frac{4}{12}$; child

less than six years old %; child six or more years old ¼; adult ¼" was false and misleading since the article would provide smaller amounts of vitamin R than represented.

Disposition: February 2, 1949. A plea of nolo contendere having been entered the court imposed a fine of \$2,000.

14357. Adulteration of breading meal. U. S. v. Qualified Products Co. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$300 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 26308. Sample Nos. 12866. K, 43131-K.)

INFORMATION FILED: On or about January 12, 1949, Northern District of Illi. nois, against the Qualified Products Co., a corporation, Chicago, Ill.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 3 and 13, 1948, from the State of Illinois into the States of New Jersey and Michigan.

LABEL, IN PART: "Savory Brand Breading Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, larvae, and insect parts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 17, 1949. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$300 and costs.

CHOCOLATE AND CONFECTIONERY

14358. Adulteration of chocolate. U. S. v. 28 Bales, etc. (F. D. C. No. 26215, Sample Nos. 45861–K, 45862–K.)

LIBEL FILED: December 13, 1948, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 27 and October 7, 1947, from Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 70 20-pound slabs of chocolate at Memphis, Tenn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: January 13 and 18, 1949. The Oliver-Finnie Co., Memphis, Tenn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The product was reconditioned by the scraping off of the outer layers of chocolate. Of the 14,800 pounds seized, 10,122 pounds were salvaged and the remainder was destroyed.

14359. Adulteration of chocolate. U. S. v. 50 Boxes * * * (F. D. C. No. 25990. Sample No. 12877-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 29, 1948, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 5 and 23, 1948, from Beloit, Wis.

PRODUCT: 50 50-pound boxes of chocolate at Philadelphia, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. It was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.