would be adulterated within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, insects, rodent hairs, feather fragments, and manure; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: February 23, 1950. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$2,500 against each defendant.

15823. Adulteration of goat cheese. U. S. v. 3 Kegs \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 28393. Sample No. 61459–K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 30, 1949, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 26, 1949, by G. A. Dardanes, from Trinidad, Colo.

PRODUCT: 3 100-pound kegs of goat cheese at St. Louis, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402.(a). (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fly eggs, fly egg sacs, maggots, and nondescript dirt.

DISPOSITION: December 28, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

## FEEDS AND GRAINS

15824. Adulteration and misbranding of alfalfa meal. U.S. v. 688 Sacks \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 27113. Sample No. 39590-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about May 11, 1949, Eastern District of Texas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 15, 1948, by Saunders Mills, Inc., from Big Bend, Colo.

PRODUCT: 688 unlabeled sacks of alfalfa meal at Palestine, Tex.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of mold; and, Section 402 (b) (2), peanut hay, cereal grasses, weedy plants, and other foreign material had been substituted in whole or in part for alfalfa meal.

Misbranding, Section 403 (i) (1), the label of the article failed to bear the common or usual name of the food.

DISPOSITION: October 10, 1949. Saunders Mills, Inc., having appeared as claimant and subsequently withdrawn its claim, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be destroyed. The product was delivered to a Federal institution and used as fertilizer.

15825. Misbranding of dog and cat food. U. S. v. 270 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 28231. Sample No. 11992–K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 25, 1949, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 13, 1949, by the Blue Ribbon Packing Co., from Collinsville, Ill.

PRODUCT: 270 cases, each containing 48 cans, of dog and cat food at Valley Stream, L. I., N. Y. Examination showed that the product was a mixture of horse meat, cereal, and charcoal, and that it was short of the declared weight.