

ual defendant. The court fined both defendants \$100 on each of the 4 counts of the information, and sentence against the defendants was suspended on all but one count.

16007. Adulteration of corn meal. U. S. v. J. William Cain and Elmer P. Reed.
Pleas of guilty. Each defendant fined \$100. (F. D. C. No. 28111.
Sample Nos. 61207-K to 61209-K, incl.)

INFORMATION FILED: February 16, 1950, Eastern District of Missouri, against J. William Cain and Elmer P. Reed.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 8 and 11, 1949, from the State of Missouri into the State of Arkansas.

LABEL, IN PART: "Knobel's Dandy * * * Bolted Corn Meal Knobel Milling Co. Corning, Ark." or "Campbell Milling Company Campbell, Mo. Veri-Fine Bolted White Corn Meal."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect parts, insect excreta, rodent excreta pellet fragments, and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 10, 1950. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court fined each defendant \$100.

FLOUR

16008. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. The Wall-Rogalsky Milling Co. and Ernest A. Wall. Pleas of guilty. Each defendant fined \$300 and costs.
(F. D. C. No. 28763. Sample Nos. 52834-K, 54340-K, 54341-K.)

INFORMATION FILED: March 3, 1950, District of Kansas, against The Wall-Rogalsky Milling Co., a corporation, McPherson, Kans., and Ernest A. Wall, president.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 22 and 23, 1949, from the State of Kansas into the States of Ohio and Louisiana.

LABEL, IN PART: "Special Bakers Patent [or "Kansas Sun Bakers" or "Kansas Sun"] Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: March 21, 1950. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court fined each defendant \$300 and costs.

16009. Adulteration of rye flour and white flour. U. S. v. 18 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28648. Sample Nos. 49890-K, 49891-K.)

LIBEL FILED: January 12, 1950, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 25 and 29, 1949, from Minneapolis, Minn.

PRODUCT: 18 100-pound bags of rye flour and 57 100-pound bags of white flour at Denver, Colo., in possession of the Knoebel Mercantile Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), they had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth. The products were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.