

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 7, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

16808. Adulteration of brewers rice. U. S. v. 1,000 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29492. Sample No. 47260-K.)

LIBEL FILED: July 11, 1950, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 13, 1950, by the Rice Growers Assn. of California, from West Sacramento, Calif.

PRODUCT: 1,000 100-pound bags of brewers rice at Pittsburgh, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and insect parts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 1, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be denatured, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

16809. Adulteration of cake mixes, gingerbread mix, and self-rising flour. U. S. v. 8 25-Pound Packages, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29772. Sample Nos. 81933-K, 81934-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 4, 1950, Western District of South Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 23, 1949, and July 7, 1950, from Springfield, Ill., and Atlanta, Ga.

PRODUCT: 8 25-pound packages of cake mixes and gingerbread mix and 23 50-pound bags of self-rising flour at Greenwood, S. C.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects.

The products were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 14, 1950. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be delivered to a charitable institution, for use as animal feed.

CHOCOLATE AND CANDY

16810. Adulteration of chocolate coating and chocolate liquor. U. S. v. 5 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 29775. Sample Nos. 85442-K to 85445-K, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: October 3, 1950, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 6, 1949, and March 15 and 20 and July 7, 1950, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 6 50-pound cases of chocolate coating and 10 50-pound cases of chocolate liquor at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects. The products were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 15, 1950. Karp's Upper Midwest Bakers' Supplies, Inc., Minneapolis, Minn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the products were ordered released under bond for reprocessing, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The chocolate was salvaged by scraping and brushing; the scrap material, amounting to 36 pounds, was denatured.

16811. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 4 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. Nos. 29836, 29841. Sample Nos. 86183-K, 86506-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 20, 1950, District of Arizona.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 17 and 28 and March 17, 1950, from Denver, Colo.

PRODUCT: 4 cases, each containing 12 boxes, and each box containing 24 candy bars; and 45 cases, each containing 36 boxes, and each box containing 12 chocolate eggs, at Phoenix, Ariz.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and insect excreta. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 7, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

BUTTER

The following cases report actions involving butter that consisted in whole or in part of filthy or decomposed substances, Nos. 16812 to 16820, and that was below the legal standard for milk fat content, Nos. 16821 and 16822.

16812. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 50 Boxes (3,000 pounds) * * * (F. D. C. No. 29820. Sample No. 72448-K.)

LIBEL FILED: September 13, 1950, Western District of Kentucky.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 17, 1950, by the Indiana Produce Co., from Huntingburg, Ind.

PRODUCT: 50 boxes, each containing 60 pounds of butter at Louisville, Ky.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed animal substance. (Examination showed that the product had been manufactured from cream that was decomposed in whole or in part.)

DISPOSITION: November 20, 1950. The Indiana Produce Co., Huntingburg, Ind., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for denaturing into soap fat, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

16813. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 55 Cartons * * * (and 1 other seizure action; 2,880 pounds, total). (F. D. C. Nos. 29818, 29833. Sample Nos. 47282-K to 47284-K, incl.)

LIBELS FILED: September 7, 1950, Western District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 14, 1950, by the Cudahy-Farmers Creamery, from Oskaloosa, Iowa.