DISPOSITION: February 7, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

16986. Adulteration of tomato puree. U. S. v. 33 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29907. Sample No. 89750–K.)

LIBEL FILED: September 30, 1950, District of Nebraska.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 12, 1950, by the Los Fresnos Canning Co., from Los Fresnos, Tex.

PRODUCT: 33 cases, each containing 6 6-pound, 8-ounce cans, of tomato puree at Grand Island, Nebr.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Garth Brand Tomato Puree."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of fly eggs and maggots.

DISPOSITION: November 27, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

NUTS AND NUT PRODUCTS

16987. Adulteration of cashew nuts. U. S. v. 58 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29960. Sample Nos. 75387-K, 75388-K.)

LIBEL FILED: October 27, 1950, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 14 and 31, 1950, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 58 pounds of cashew nuts at Denver, Colo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and insect parts. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 5, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruc-

16988. Adulteration of chestnuts. U. S. v. 19 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30370. Sample No. 92089-K.)

LIBEL FILED: January 4, 1951, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 14, 1950, by the Anthony Scotto Co., from New York, N. Y., to Providence, R. I. The product was refused by the consignee and returned to the shipper.

PRODUCT: 19 cases, each containing 125 pounds, of chestnuts at New York, N. Y.

Label, IN Part: (Case) "Castagne Sterilizzate R J P & C Torono * * * Puca Naples."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of moldy nuts.

DISPOSITION: January 24, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

16989. Adulteration of shelled peanuts. U. S. v. 569 Bags * * * *. (F. D. C. No. 29982. Sample Nos. 50896-K, 50898-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 7, 1950, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 23, 1950, by Portales Valley Mills, Inc., from Portales, N. Mex.

PRODUCT: 569 120-pound bags of shelled peanuts at Seattle, Wash.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and insect-damaged nuts.

Disposition: November 15, 1950. The Pacific Food Products Co., Seattle, Wash., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The segregation operations resulted in the release of 527 bags of the product as fit for human consumption, the denaturing of 19 bags for use as hog feed, and the destruction of 23 bags.

16990. Adulteration of peanut butter. U. S. v. 41 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 30246. Sample Nos. 38414-K, 38415-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 13, 1950, District of New Mexico.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 28 and September 12, 1950, by the Western Food Products Co., from Hutchinson, Kans.

PRODUCT: Peanut butter. 41 cases, each containing 24 10-ounce jars, and 45 cases, each containing 24 8%-ounce jars, at Albuquerque, N. Mex.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "Rich-Nut Peanut Butter."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect parts and (41-case lot only) rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the product had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

Disposition: December 18, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

POULTRY

16991. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 1,235 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30258. Sample No. 73151-K.)

Libel Filed: November 16, 1950, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 2, 1950, by the Lipman Poultry Co., from Bangor, Maine.

PRODUCT: 1,235 pounds of dressed poultry, in 17 crates, at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds contaminated with fecal matter and dirt; and, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal, or of an animal which had died otherwise than by slaughter.

DISPOSITION: December 4, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

16992. Adulteration of frozen poultry. U. S. v. 6,620 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 30262. Sample Nos. 73148–K to 73150–K, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: November 21, 1950, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 30 and October 13, 1950, by Randolph & Co., from Guthrie Center, Iowa.

PRODUCT: 6.620 pounds of frozen poultry, in 97 crates, at New York, N. Y.