

CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS**FLOUR**

18001. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 312 Bags * * * (and 2 other seizure actions). (F. D. C. No. 31758. Sample Nos. 22015-L to 22017-L, incl., 22111-L to 22114-L, incl.)

LIBELS FILED: October 4, 1951, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 19, 1950, and June 1 and 8, July 25, and August 10, 1951, from Wichita Falls, Tex., Fort Worth, Tex., and Greenville, Tex.

PRODUCT: 9 50-pound bags, 334 25-pound bags, and 161 10-pound bags of flour at Baton Rouge, La.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 9, 1951. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

18002. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 36 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 31768. Sample Nos. 1043-L to 1048-L, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: October 16, 1951, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 4, 9, 17, 20, and 28, 1951, from Alton, Ill.

PRODUCT: 320 100-pound bags of flour at Jacksonville, Fla.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 21, 1951. Clark & Lewis Co., Jacksonville, Fla., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for conversion into animal feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

18003. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 296 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31740. Sample No. 1444-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about October 2, 1951, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 18, 1951, from Wichita Falls, Tex.

PRODUCT: 296 25-pound bags of flour at Atlanta, Ga.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 30, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed in lieu of destruction.