

SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS

18195. Adulteration of capsicum. U. S. v. 86 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31893. Sample No. 27651-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 12, 1951, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 11, 1951, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 86 74-pound bags of capsicum at Los Angeles, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: November 2, 1951. H. M. Newhall & Co., San Francisco, Calif., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reconditioning under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. As a result of the reconditioning process, 1,007 pounds of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

18196. Adulteration of caraway seed. U. S. v. 4 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31888. Sample No. 18889-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 12, 1951, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 23, 1951, by Louis Furth, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 4 109-pound bags of caraway seed at St. Paul, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects and rodent excreta.

DISPOSITION: November 23, 1951. A default decree was entered directing that the product be destroyed unless denatured for use as animal feed.

18197. Adulteration of paprika. U. S. v. 2 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 31876. Sample No. 21591-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 15, 1951, Southern District of Mississippi.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 17, 1951, from New Orleans, La.

PRODUCT: 2 25-pound bags and 10 1-pound bags of paprika at Hattiesburg, Miss.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 8, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

18198. Adulteration and misbranding of french dressing. U. S. v. 239 Jars * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31601. Sample No. 31182-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about August 16, 1951, Eastern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 26 and July 3, 1951, by Allen Foods, Inc., from St. Louis, Mo.

PRODUCT: 239 1-gallon jars of french dressing at Chanute Air Force Base, Rantoul, Ill.

LABEL, IN PART: "Lasco Brand French Dressing."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vegetable oil, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for french dressing since it contained less than 35 percent of vegetable oil, the minimum permitted by the definition and standard.

DISPOSITION: December 11, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

18199. Adulteration and misbranding of french dressing. U. S. v. 14 Cases

* * *. (F. D. C. No. 31659. Sample No. 4497-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 30, 1951, District of Columbia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 28 and August 1, 1951, by the Holsum Products Co., from Brooklyn, N. Y., and Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 14 cases, each containing 4 1-gallon jars, of french dressing at Washington, D. C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "Dyco Deluxe French Dressing."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vegetable oil, had been in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for french dressing since it contained less than 35 percent by weight of vegetable oil, the minimum permitted by the definition and standard.

DISPOSITION: October 1, 1951. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a public institution for its use and not for sale.

18200. Misbranding of french dressing. U. S. v. 5 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 31680. Sample No. 28956-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 21, 1951, District of Alaska.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 22, 1951, by the Log House Products Co., from Portland, Oreg.

PRODUCT: 5 cases, each containing 24 8-ounce bottles, of french dressing at Fairbanks, Alaska.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "Leonora's French Salad Dressing."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for french dressing since it contained less than 35 percent by weight of vegetable oil, the minimum permitted by the definition and standard.

DISPOSITION: November 29, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.