## MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

18263. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 39 Bags \*\* \* \* (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. No. 31886. Sample Nos. 17122-L, 17123-L.)

Libers Filed: October 9, 1951, Southern District of California (1951) 1000000

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 2, February 1, and March 15, 1951, from Mermentau and Abbeville, Lagrange and Abbeville,

PRODUCT: 2 lots, each consisting of 39 100-pound bags, of rice at Los Angeles, Calif., in possession of the Sunshine Specialty Products Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects in both lots and, in addition, rodent hairs and rodent urine in one lot; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 29, 1951. The Sunshine Specialty Products Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of decrees, judgments of condemnation were entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for fumigation, reconditioning, and reprocessing under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. A total of 7,163.5 pounds of clean rice was salvaged.

18264. Adulteration of rice. U.S. v. 42 Bags \*\*\*\*\*. (F. D. C. No. 31515. Sample No. 9749-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 12, 1951, Northern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 28, 1950, from Jonesboro, Ark.

PRODUCT: 42 100-pound bags of rice at Gary, Ind.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

Disposition: January 10, 1952. Indiana Wholesale Food Supply, Inc., Gary, Ind., claimant, having consented to the destruction of the rice that was adulterated to the extent that it could not be salvaged, and having petitioned release for salvaging of all of the product that could be properly reconditioned, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be delivered under bond to the claimant, conditioned that it be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. The product was fumigated, and all filthy substances were removed.

18265. Adulteration of rice. U.S. v. 39 Bags \* \* \* (F. D. C. No. 31825. Sample No. 34981-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 21, 1951, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 9, 1950, from Stuttgart, Ark.

PRODUCT: 39 100-pound bags of rice at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

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