

for remilling, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. Approximately 8,820 pounds of the product, which was the amount actually seized, were released to the claimant for remilling. The remilling operations resulted in the loss of approximately 170 pounds of the product and the rejection of about 50 pounds. The rejected portion was destroyed, and 8,600 pounds of the product found to be fit for human consumption were released to the claimant.

FISH AND SHELLFISH

18612. Adulteration of frozen chum salmon. U. S. v. 29,000 Pounds * * *.
(F. D. C. No. 32633. Sample No. 30638-L.)

LABEL FILED: January 31, 1952, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 3, 1951, by K. Raatikainen, from Pelican, Alaska.

PRODUCT: 29,000 pounds of frozen chum salmon in 115 boxes at Seattle, Wash.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish.

DISPOSITION: February 18, 1952. K. Raatikainen, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and sorting of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. Segregation operations were attempted but were unsuccessful, and the entire lot was denatured by converting it to fish meal and oil.

18613. Adulteration of frozen salmon. U. S. v. 5,000 pounds, etc. (F. D. C. No. 32632. Sample Nos. 30634-L, 30635-L.)

LABEL FILED: January 31, 1952, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 29, 1951, and January 14, 1952, by Western Fishing Co., Ltd., from Vancouver, British Columbia.

PRODUCT: 17,000 pounds of frozen salmon at Seattle, Wash.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish.

DISPOSITION: March 6, 1952. The Washington Fish & Oyster Co., Seattle, Wash., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation and sorting of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. As a result of the segregation operations, 1,645 pounds of the product were found unfit and were destroyed by grinding into fish meal.

18614. Adulteration of canned clams. U. S. v. 49 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32589. Sample No. 27661-L.)

LABEL FILED: January 16, 1952, District of Nevada.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 29, 1951, by G. P. Halferty & Co., from Seattle, Wash.