

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, and iron, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for enriched white corn meal since each pound contained less than 2 mg. of thiamine, less than 1.2 mg. of riboflavin, less than 16 mg. of niacin, and less than 13 mg. of iron.

**DISPOSITION:** April 14, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

### FLOUR

**18804. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 457 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32641. Sample Nos. 48247-L, 48249-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** February 1, 1952, Southern District of Iowa.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** Between the approximate dates of November 16 and December 29, 1951, from Omaha, Nebr.

**PRODUCT:** 457 50-pound bags of flour at Davenport, Iowa, in possession of the Nash-Finch Co.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** March 10, 1952. The Nash-Finch Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. 193 bags of the flour were salvaged and the remainder used for animal feed.

**18805. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 36 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 32639. Sample Nos. 14053-L, 14054-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** January 30, 1952, Western District of Texas.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 12 and November 14, 1951, from Monte Vista, Colo.

**PRODUCT:** Flour. 36 50-pound bags and 36 100-pound bags at El Paso, Tex., in possession of M. A. Gomez.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** March 7, 1952. The M. A. Gomez Wholesale Grocery having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be denatured for use as animal feed and labeled as unfit for human consumption, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.