

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Contains 75% Cottonseed Oil 20% Olive Oil" was false and misleading.

DISPOSITION: July 31, 1952. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

19283. Adulteration and misbranding of table and cooking oil. U. S. v. 58 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33156. Sample No. 33228-L.)

LABEL FILED: June 3, 1952, Eastern District of Michigan.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 12 and June 28, 1951, by the V. Formula Co., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 58 1-gallon cans of table and cooking oil at Detroit, Mich.

LABEL, IN PART: "One Gallon Marconi Brand * * * 75% Cottonseed Oil 20% Olive Oil 5% Peanut Oil."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted from the product; and, Section 402 (b) (2), a mixture of corn oil and peanut oil with little or no olive oil had been substituted for a blend of 75 percent cottonseed oil, 20 percent olive oil, and 5 percent peanut oil.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "75% Cottonseed Oil 20% Olive Oil" was false and misleading since the product contained no cottonseed oil and little, if any, olive oil.

DISPOSITION: July 8, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a Federal institution.

19284. Adulteration and misbranding of table and cooking oil. U. S. v. 56 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33153. Sample No. 33365-L.)

LABEL FILED: June 2, 1952, Eastern District of Wisconsin.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 10, 1952, by the Columbus Packing Co., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 56 1-gallon cans of table and cooking oil at Milwaukee, Wis.

LABEL, IN PART: "Columbus Brand * * * An Excellent Blend of 80% Corn Oil and 20% Pure Imported Olive Oil."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in part omitted from the product; and Section 402 (b) (4), a vegetable oil containing less than 20 percent olive oil had been substituted for a blend of 80 percent corn oil and 20 percent olive oil.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "20% Pure * * * Olive Oil" was false and misleading.

DISPOSITION: July 31, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19285. Misbranding of olive oil. U. S. v. 24 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32088. Sample Nos. 29518-L, 29535-L, 29537-L.)

LABEL FILED: November 15, 1951, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 21 and June 25, 1951, by the Bonoil Packing Corp., from Brooklyn, N. Y.

PRODUCT: Olive oil. 24 cases, each containing 24 ½-pint cans, and 20 cases, each containing 12 1-quart cans, at Seattle, Wash.

LABEL, IN PART: "Bon Olive Oil * * * ½ Pint 8 Fl. Ozs. [or "1 Quart 32 Fl. Ozs."]."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a) (2), the product failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents. (Examination disclosed that the cans were short volume.)

DISPOSITION: February 25, 1952. The shipper, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for repacking and relabeling, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

POULTRY

19286. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 285 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33241. Sample No. 38348-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 7, 1952, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 17, 1952, by the New Jersey Dressed Poultry Co., from Newfield, N. J.

PRODUCT: 285 pounds of dressed poultry at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed birds; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: May 26, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

19287. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 3,899 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33227. Sample No. 38346-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 5, 1952, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 17, 1952, by the Delmarva Poultry Corp., from Milford, Del.

PRODUCT: 3,899 pounds of dressed poultry at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: May 26, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

19288. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 492 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33226. Sample No. 38347-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 2, 1952, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 16, 1952, by Rockland Poultry Co., Inc., from Rockland, Maine.

PRODUCT: 492 pounds of dressed poultry at New York, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: May 26, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.