grams of vitamin B<sub>2</sub>, 8.6 milligrams of vitamin C, and 4.27 milligrams of niacinamide per bar.

LABEL, IN Part: (Bar) "Sweet Chocolate Candy Vita Sert Contains Sweet Chocolate and Vitamins A-4000 I. U. B<sub>1</sub>-1 Mg. B<sub>2</sub>-2 Mg. C-30-Mg. D-400 I. U. \* \* \* 10 Mg. Niacin Amide Net Wt. 1% Oz." and "Sweet Milk Chocolate Vita Sert With Almonds Contains Sweet Milk Chocolate, Almonds Vitamins A-4000 I. U. B<sub>1</sub>-1 Mg. B<sub>2</sub>-2 Mg. C-30 Mg. D-400 I. U. \* \* \* 10 Mg. Niacin Amide Net Wt. 1% Oz."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration (all lots), Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamins A, B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub>, and C, and niacinamide, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the products.

Misbranding (all lots), Section 403 (a), the label statements "A-4000 I. U.  $B_1$ -1 Mg.  $B_2$ -2 Mg. C-30 Mg. D-400 I. U. \* \* \* 10 Mg. Niacin Amide" were false and misleading as applied to products which contained less than the stated amounts of vitamins A,  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ , C, and niacinamide.

Further misbranding (sweet chocolate candy), Section 403 (g) (1), the product purported to be and was represented as sweet chocolate candy, a food for which a definition and standard of identity has been prescribed by regulations, and the product failed to conform to such definition and standard since it contained added vitamins, which are not permitted as optional ingredients of sweet chocolate in such definition and standard.

Disposition: December 16, 1952. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

## MISCELLANEOUS FOODS

19399. Misbranding of potato preservative. U. S. v. 8 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33113. Sample No. 29585-L.)

LIBEL FILED: May 8, 1952, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 8, 1951, by the G. B. Bashaw Co., from Portland, Oreg.

PRODUCT: 8 cases, each containing 4 1-gallon jugs, of potato preservative at Everett, Wash.

LABEL, IN PART: "Magic Potato Preservative."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (i) (2), the product was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient.

Disposition: July 29, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19400. Misbranding of Noe-Ice sportsman kits. U. S. v. 2,597 Kits \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 32583. Sample No. 34429-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 10, 1952, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 20 and August 1, 1951, by the Noe-Ice Sales Corp., from Los Angeles, Calif.

Product: 2,597 Noe-Ice sportsman kits, each containing 25 tablets, at St. Louis, Mo. Each kit contained also a spray bottle and a circular headed "Keeps Fish, Fowl, Game Fresh Without Ice."

LABEL, IN PART: (Kit) "Sportsman Kit Noe-Ice Miracle Stay Fresh Spray Directions Each tablet contains the following active ingredients: Sodium Benzoate 12.5 milligrams chloramine T 25 milligrams in a base of Sodium