

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 14, 1952, by George O. Powley & Co., from Wingate, Md.

PRODUCT: 328 pint cans of oysters at St. Louis, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

Misbranding, Section 403 (e) (1), the product failed to bear a label containing the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor.

DISPOSITION: November 14, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable organization for its use and not for sale.

19921. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 304 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34034. Sample No. 57349-L.)

LABEL FILED: October 17, 1952, Southern District of Iowa.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 14, 1952, by the Tilghman Packing Co., from Tilghman, Md.

PRODUCT: 304 pint cans of oysters at Burlington, Iowa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Tilghman Brand Oysters."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

DISPOSITION: November 18, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19922. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 288 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33971. Sample Nos. 57333-L, 57334-L.)

LABEL FILED: September 29, 1952, Southern District of West Virginia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 23, 1952, by the Oxford Packing Co., from Oxford, Md.

PRODUCT: 288 pint cans of oysters at Charleston, W. Va.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

DISPOSITION: October 23, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution.

19923. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 284 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33944. Sample No. 3648-L.)

LABEL FILED: October 23, 1952, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 14, 1952, by White & Nelson, from Cambridge, Md.

PRODUCT: 284 pint cans of oysters at Chicago, Ill.

LABEL, IN PART: "Cap't John's Fresh Oysters."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added

to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

DISPOSITION: November 12, 1952. No claimant having appeared and it appearing to the court that the product had become so decomposed as to constitute a health menace, judgment was entered ordering that the product be destroyed.

19924. Adulteration and misbranding of oysters. U. S. v. 224 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33976. Sample No. 57332-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 29, 1952, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 23, 1952, by the Leib Packing Co., from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 224 pint cans of oysters at Hannibal, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: "Oysters Standards Contents One Pint Sun Brand."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

Misbranding, Section 403 (g) (1), the product failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for oysters standards since it was not thoroughly drained and the total time that the product was in contact with water after leaving the shucker was more than 30 minutes.

DISPOSITION: November 5, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution, for consumption by the inmates.

19925. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 59 Cans, etc. (F. D. C. No. 33986. Sample Nos. 57247-L, 57248-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 3, 1952, Eastern District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 29, 1952, by J. H. White Co., from Baltimore, Md.

PRODUCT: 168 pint cans of oysters at Chattanooga, Tenn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

DISPOSITION: December 9, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19926. Adulteration of oysters. U. S. v. 128 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34030. Sample No. 55250-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 16, 1952, Western District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 13, 1952, by James F. Kambarn, from Chincoteague, Va.

PRODUCT: 128 pint cans of oysters at Buffalo, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), water had been substituted in part for oysters; and, Section 402 (b) (4), water had been added to the product and mixed and packed with it so as to increase its bulk or weight and reduce its quality.

DISPOSITION: November 13, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.