

**DISPOSITION:** October 3, 1952. The Beatrice Foods Co. having appeared as claimant, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for reprocessing into butter oil, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

**20116. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 31 Cartons (approx. 2,015 pounds) \* \* \*.**  
(F. D. C. No. 34173. Sample No. 37121-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** February 2, 1953, Southern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 21, 1953, by the Farmers Cooperative Creamery Association, from Avoca, Iowa.

**PRODUCT:** 31 cartons, each containing approximately 65 pounds, of butter at New York, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter.

**DISPOSITION:** February 17, 1953. Breakstone Bros., Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be reworked under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

### CHEESE

**20117. Adulteration and misbranding of grated cheese. U. S. v. 17 Cases, etc.**  
(F. D. C. No. 31020. Sample No. 24271-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** June 5, 1951, Northern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about April 25, 1951, by the Moss Food Products Corp., from North Bergen, N. J.

**PRODUCT:** 17 cases, each containing 24 4-ounce jars, and 22 cases, each containing 24 2-ounce jars, of grated cheese at Utica, N. Y.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Jar) "Lee Brand Grated Blend of Italian Romano and Domestic Romano Style Cheese."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hairs; Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth; and, Section 402 (b) (2), skim milk cheese had been substituted in whole or in part for a blend of Italian and domestic romano style cheese.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Blend of Italian Romano and Domestic Romano Style Cheese" was false and misleading as applied to skim milk cheese.

**DISPOSITION:** July 12, 1951. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

### EGGS

**20118. Adulteration of frozen eggs. U. S. v. 483 Cans \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34027.**  
Sample No. 69131-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** October 20, 1952, District of Colorado.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about September 1, 1952, by the Clary Poultry & Egg Co., from Lubbock, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 483 30-pound cans of frozen eggs at Denver, Colo.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed eggs.

**DISPOSITION:** December 29, 1952. The shipper, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation of the fit from the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. As a result of the segregation operations, 106 cans were found unfit and were disposed of for nonfood use.

20119. Adulteration of frozen eggs. U. S. v. 104 Cans \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33901. Sample No. 51553-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** October 1, 1952, Eastern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 3, 1952, by the Continent Frozen Foods Corp., from National Stock Yards, Ill.

**PRODUCT:** 104 30-pound cans of frozen eggs at Brooklyn, N. Y.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed eggs, and of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

**DISPOSITION:** March 5, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that a portion of the product be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

## FEEDS AND GRAINS

20120. Adulteration and misbranding of alfalfa meal. U. S. v. 1,200 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 31892. Sample No. 83041-K.)

**LIBEL FILED:** October 12, 1951, Western District of Wisconsin.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about July 21, 1951, by the Arlington Dehydrator Co., from Arlington, Nebr.

**PRODUCT:** 1,200 100-pound bags of alfalfa meal at Amery, Wis. Analysis showed that the product contained not more than 13.82 percent protein and not less than 32.95 percent fiber.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), alfalfa meal containing less than 17 percent protein and more than 27 percent fiber had been substituted in whole or in part for alfalfa meal containing 17 percent protein and 27 percent fiber.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Crude Protein (Min.) 17.00% \* \* \* Fibre (Max.) 27.00%" was false and misleading.

**DISPOSITION:** The Arlington Dehydrator Co. appeared as claimant and consented to the entry of a decree. Thereafter, the claimant filed a bond, after which he satisfactorily relabeled the product. Following the relabeling the court found that the product had been relabeled so that it was no longer adulterated and misbranded, and on January 15, 1952, ordered that the product be released to the claimant.

20121. Adulteration and misbranding of swine mix. U. S. v. 31 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33686. Sample No. 48618-L.)

**LIBEL FILED:** September 10, 1952, Southern District of Iowa.