DISPOSITION: September 23, 1952. Ray Ewing Co., Inc., Pasadena, Calif., claimant, having admitted that the allegations of the libel were true at the time of the seizure, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

FISH AND SHELLFISH

- 20921. Adulteration of canned jack mackerel. U. S. v. Pan-Pacific Fisheries, Inc. Plea of guilty. Fine, \$250. (F. D. C. No. 35168. Sample No. 39513-L.)
- INFORMATION FILED: September 23, 1953, Southern District of California, against Pan-Pacific Fisheries, Inc., Terminal Island, Calif.
- ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 9, 1953, from the State of California into the State of Tennessee.
- LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "California Jack Mackerel Packed by Pan-Pacific Fisheries, Inc. Terminal Island Calif., U. S. A."
- NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed jack mackerel.
- DISPOSITION: October 19, 1953. The defendant having entered a plea of guilty, the court fined it \$250.
- 20922. Adulteration and misbranding of canned salmon. U. S. v. 124 Cases * * * (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. Nos. 35277, 35280. Sample Nos. 59278-L, 59280-L.)
- LIBELS FILED: May 25 and 27, 1953, Middle District of North Carolina.
- ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 12 and 13, 1953, by Kenai Packers, from Seattle, Wash.
- PRODUCT: 207 cases, each containing 48 1-pound cans, of salmon at Winston-Salem and Salisbury, N. C.
- LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Ocean Tang Brand Pink Salmon" and "Silver Bay Brand Pink Salmon."
- NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), chum salmon had been substituted in whole or in part for pink salmon, which the article was represented to be.
 - Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Pink Salmon" was false and misleading as applied to chum salmon.
- Disposition: July 17, 1953. The libel actions having been consolidated and Charles R. Allen, Inc., Charleston, S. C., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.
- 20923. Adulteration of frozen red snappers. U. S. v. 235 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35623. Sample No. 50123-L.)
- LIBEL FILED: September 9, 1953, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 3, 1953, by Ackerly & Sandiford, Inc., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 235 pounds of frozen red snappers in 3 cartons at Monmouth Beach, N. J.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish.

Disposition: October 7, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

20924. Adulteration of frozen shrimp. U. S. v. 206 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35506. Sample No. 56131-L.)

LIBEL FILED: September 22, 1953, Western District of New York:

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 31, 1953, by Joe Grasso & Son, Inc., from Harlingen, Tex.

PRODUCT: 206 cases, each containing 10 5-pound cartons, of frozen shrimp at Buffalo, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: "Golden Brown Brand Brazilian Shrimp Frozen Fresh Packed by Joe Grasso & Son, Inc. Galveston, Texas."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed shrimp.

Disposition: October 13, 1953. George Demos Transportation, Fort Wayne, Ind., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

As a result of the segregation operations, 1,990 pounds of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

CANNED FRUIT

20925. Adulteration of canned blackberries. U. S. v. 53 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35918. Sample No. 62750-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 9, 1953, Eastern District of Arkansas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 7 and September 8, 1952, from Memphis, Tenn.

PRODUCT: 53 cases, each containing 24 1-pound cans, of blackberries at Helena, Ark. Examination showed that the product was undergoing chemical decomposition.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 8, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.