

gested that the article was pink salmon, whereas it was not pink salmon. (Examination showed that the article was chum salmon.)

DISPOSITION: May 27, 1954. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court fined the corporation \$300 and the individual \$600.

21269. Misbranding of canned salmon. U. S. v. 130 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36271. Sample No. 64529-L.)

LIBEL FILED: January 11, 1954, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 17, 1953, by the Emard Packing Co., from Anchorage, Alaska.

PRODUCT: 130 cases, each containing 48 cans, of salmon at Seattle, Wash. Examination showed that the product consisted of small pieces of red salmon from the tail or gill sections of fish.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Contents One Pound Whitney's Brand Tid-Bits Alaska Red Sockeye Salmon Distributed By Whitney & Company, Seattle, Washington"; (case) "48 Talls Whitney's Tid-Bits."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Tid-Bits" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which consisted of tail and gill sections only.

DISPOSITION: January 27, 1954. Whitney & Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

21270. Adulteration of canned sardines. U. S. v. 45 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35934. Sample Nos. 61573-L, 61574-L, 82101-L, 82102-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about October 30, 1953, Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 30 and August 3 and 5, 1953, from Gloucester, Mass.

PRODUCT: 45 cases, each containing 48 15-ounce cans, of sardines packed in mustard sauce, and 239 cases, each containing 48 15-ounce cans, of sardines packed in tomato sauce at Kansas City, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1954. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

21271. Adulteration of canned tuna. U. S. v. 10 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36151. Sample No. 72173-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 24, 1953, District of Columbia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: August 6, 1953, from Terminal Island, Calif.

PRODUCT: 10 cases, each containing 48 7-ounce cans, of tuna at Washington, D. C.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.