bond for purposes of segregation. On the same date, the court, pursuant to a stipulation entered into between counsel for the claimant and the United States Attorney, ordered that the seizure action against the 59 cans be consolidated with the actions against the 176 cans and that the decree entered in the case involving the 176-can lot apply to the case involving the 59-can lot. After attempts to segregate the eggs proved unsatisfactory, the court ordered that they be denatured.

FISH AND SHELLFISH

23421. Frozen whole squid. (F. D. C. No. 35377. S. No. 50-112 L.)

QUANTITY: 215 slabs weighing a total of 5,722 lbs. at New York, N. Y.

Shipped: 5-7-53, from outside the territorial limits of the State of New York.

Libeled: 8-13-53, S. Dist. N. Y.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained decomposed fish while held for sale.

Disposition: 9-14-53. Default—destruction.

23422. Frozen sturgeon. (F. D. C. No. 35373. S. No. 50–113 L.)

QUANTITY: 29 frozen sturgeon weighing a total of 311 lbs. at New York, N. Y.

Shipped: 4-6-53, from Perry, Fla.

Libeled: 8-13-53, S. Dist. N. Y.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained decomposed fish while held for sale.

Disposition: 8-28-53. Default—destruction.

23423. Crabmeat. (Inj. No. 40.)

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTION FILED: 11-4-42, E. Dist. Va., against Frederick H. Ayers and George W. Ayers, partners, t/a F. H. Ayers & Son, Portsmouth, Va.

CHARGE: The complaint alleged that the defendants had been and were engaged in the business of cooking, picking, preparing, packing, and shipping, in interstate commerce, crabmeat which was adulterated within the meaning of 402 (a) (3) and (4) in that it contained a filthy animal substance and had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions.

The complaint alleged further that various investigations made by Food and Drug Administration inspectors had revealed the existence of insanitary conditions in defendants' plant; that the defendants had been warned to remedy the defects existing in their method of operation and not to ship products that were adulterated in violation of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; that despite such warnings, the defendants had failed to remedy such defects and were continuously manufacturing and packing adulterated crabmeat; and that the defendants would continue to ship adulterated crabmeat in interstate commerce unless restrained.

DISPOSITION: On 11-17-42, the court issued a preliminary injunction enjoining the defendants from shipping, in interstate commerce, crabmeat adulterated within the meaning of 402 (a) (3) and (4). On 9-28-43, an order was entered dissolving the preliminary injunction.

23424. Crabmeat. (Inj. No. 36.)

Complaint for Injunction Filed: 8-26-42, Dist. Md., against Frederick Straten Jewett and William Henry Travis Coulbourne, copartners, t/a Coulbourne & Jewett, St. Michaels, Md.